

The Qu'Appelle Progress.

Vol. XIV

QU'APPELLE STATION, N. W. T., THURSDAY, NOV. 10, 1898.

No. 4

FURNITURE. FURNITURE.

HAVING enlarged our premises this season, which gives us a floor depth of eight-and-a-half feet, we can now show the largest stock and finest assortment of furniture ever exhibited in the town of Qu'Appelle Station. We can suit the most fastidious; or the new beginner, with a cheap outfit.

Wedding and Holiday Presents a Specialty.

Church and School Furniture of the Newest Designs

PRICES RIGHT!

We are always pleased to show customers through our stock.

J. DOOLITTLE & CO.

ATTENTION, BUYERS!

Our fall stock is now complete in every line. Special values in Dry Goods, Clothing, Boots, Shoes, and Footwear of all kinds for fall and winter.

A stock of Groceries at lowest possible prices.

S. H. Caswell & Co.

PROFESSIONAL CARDS.

LEGAL.

A. D. DICKSON, Barrister, Advocate, Solicitor, etc.
Office, first door south of the Queen's Hotel, Qu'Appelle St.

MEDICAL.

DR. C. E. CARTHEW, Qu'Appelle, Physician, Surgeon, Coroner, Etc. Graduate Toronto University and Licentiate College Physicians and Surgeons, Ont.

W. HENDERSON, M.D.C.M., Graduate of McGill University, Licentiate of College of Physicians and Surgeons, N.W.T. Office at home.

BUSINESS CARDS.

The Leland Hotel,
QU'APPELLE STATION, ASSA.

The most popular house in the west. Modern conveniences. Home comforts. First-class cuisine. Choice liquors and cigars. Good sample rooms for commercial travellers. Convenient to railway. Headquarters for stage to Fort Qu'Appelle.
THOS. BLACKWELL, Prop.

The Queen's Hotel.

Thos. Hilliard, Prop.
FIRST-Class accommodation for guests. Table supplied with the best in the market. Fine sample rooms for commercial travellers. Choice brands of Wines, Liquors and Cigars. Porter meets all trains. Rates \$1 per day.

S. H. Caswell & Co.,
BANKERS,
Financial and Insurance Agents

COLLECTIONS SOLICITED—RETURNS PROMPTLY MADE.

Five Per Cent. Interest Allowed on Deposit Accounts.

CORRESPONDENTS:
MOLSON'S BANK, Winnipeg.
Drafts paid at par in all parts of Canada at the Molson's Bank.

Cheques and Drafts for all parts of the World Bought and Sold.

Qu'Appelle Station. - - - - -

MEETINGS

THE MUNICIPAL COUNCIL of South Qu'Appelle meets the first Monday of each month. The Secretary-Treasurer will be in the office to attend to business every Saturday, from 10 a.m. to 5 p.m. Applications for Transient Traders' Licenses, to Rent the Town Hall, and for Interments in the Cemetery, must be made to J. A. Lidgate. J. C. STARR, Sec. Treas.



F. BELL, Sec.

Qu'Appelle Lodge, A. F. & A. M., G. R. M., meets in the Masonic Hall, Qu'Appelle St., on Tuesday's, on or before full moon. Sojourning brethren cordially invited.
J. P. JONES, W. M.

A. HOLLINGSHEAD,
House, Sign and Carriage Painter.

Graining, Glazing, Paper Hanging and Kalsomining.
ALL WORK PROMPTLY EXECUTED.
QU'APPELLE STATION and INDIAN HEAD

J. B. ROBINSON,
Contractor & Builder

Estimates given and all work promptly attended to.

INDIAN HEAD
Steam
Laundry

ALL WORK. None but first class. Hotel and family laundry at special rates.

C. O. DEMAUREZ,
Indian Head.

Agencies in all the leading towns of the North-West.

Edgeley Echoes.

Mr. Geo. Goodwin is quite ill with an attack of bronchitis, but is improving under the care of Dr. Carthart.

Several of the farm excursionists from Ontario who have been working in this district, have left for their homes in the east.

Hallowe'en passed away very quietly here, the boys and young men evidently forgetting to commit the usual pranks in upsetting the neighborhood, as has been done in the past.

The first consignment of books, twenty-seven in number, have arrived for the school library and are handsome as well as interesting and instructive. Efforts are being made to further increase the number now on hand.

Mr. and Mrs. W. Pollock, the latter a daughter of Mr. P. Booth, are visiting friends, etc., in this district.

On Sunday the first very severe storm of the season came, and, from present indications, winter is here to stay this time.

The elections passed away very quietly in this part of the riding, and we feel confident that any hard feelings which may have arisen during the campaign will be speedily forgotten and buried for all time to come.

A COMPLETE SUPPLY



Offering in Drugs, Patent Medicines, Stationery, Jewelry and Fancy Goods on hand for the winter.

All kinds of Toilet Preparations at THE QU'APPELLE DRUG & STATIONERY CO'S STORE.

FREE!

—THE—

Progress-Vedette

WILL BE SENT

Free . . .

till Xmas, '98.

to anyone living in the local district of the paper, viz., Qu'Appelle Sin, Fort Qu'Appelle, Indian Head, Edgeley, McLean, Balgonie, etc.

Send your name

and get two months' sample copies free!

Business Men

To keep in close touch with your customers, issue business circulars to your patrons. It has a personal attraction, and business men have found it to be one of the very best principles. It will meet the approval of every individual.

JOB WORK AT RIGHT PRICES.

Envelopes, Letter Heads, Note Heads, Bill Heads, Post Cards, Circulars, Shipping Tags, Posters, Tickets, Price Lists, Pamphlets, Reports, Wedding Invitations, Calling Cards, Programmes. In fact, anything or everything.

To catch the immense fall trade that will go to other markets, advertise in "THE PROGRESS."

W. C. T. U. Column.

The Best Drinking Place

On a pleasant day in the early fall a stranger rode into the town. A stranger rode into the town. And stopping his horse in the public square Glanced this way and that with a frown. For the place he sought he could not find. (Saloons had been banished that year) So he called to a lad who passed that way. And said to him, "Sonny come here."

"Here's a nickel for you to shew the way To the best drinking place you know." "All right," he answered—a quick-witted youth. "Just turn up that street, sir, and go. Till you come to another upon your right. Then turn into that and keep on. Till you come to another, turn right again. And you'll see it quite plainly," said John.

So, thanking the lad, the stranger rode off. And John gave a hop, skip and jump. For back came the stranger within a trice, Brought up—at the old town pump! "Here you are, sir," said John with a smile. "The best 'drinking place' to be found. Take a good drink, sir, it's free, and your welcome, too. It's good for your health, I'll be bound!"

He took the glass in a good-natured way. And drank off the water clear. Then said, "Tis an excellent drink, I'm sure. The best I've had for a year." So saying, he tossed the boy a coin. "The lesson is worth that to me. Keep on playing your temperance joke. 'Twill make the world better," said he.

What Will You Take

"What will you take, boys? I've drink of all kinds. To banish dull care and drive thought from the mind. Some folk would restrain us—but that's their mistake—I have license to sell, boys,—so, what will you take?"

"What will you take?" Christian men of this land. Rum's victims lie ruined on every hand. This question we ask: what reply can you make? For the blood of your brother, say "What will you take?"

Indian Head Items.

Indian Head received a great shock in learning of the death of William Warren Van Patter, the local agent of the Massey Harris Co., which sad event occurred at 3 o'clock on the afternoon of Friday Oct. 28th. He had been sick for some time, and the disease soon manifested itself as typhoid fever which notwithstanding every care and attention on the part of physicians and nurses around him, carried him off after a hard struggle. Deceased was only 33 years of age, and his death has caused the profound regret of many friends in the Northwest and in his old home at Aymer, Ont. His sister, Metta, wife of the Rev. Henry Wallace Dowling, Congregational minister, of Syracuse, N. Y., arrived a few hours before he brother's death. His mother, Mrs. Oliver Van Patter, and another sister, Mrs. D. K. Foote, of Down's Grove, a suburb of Chicago, will long mourn the death of a loving son and fond brother. The funeral to the C. P. R. station, whence the body was taken to Aymer, Ont., accompanied by Mrs. A. Dowling and Mr. J. B. Swift, was a large one. The Oldfellows, of which deceased was a consistent member, attended in a body and also a number of Massey Harris Co's agents along the line, and a representative from the Winnipeg office on behalf of the management, in testimony of the sorrowful regard and of the high esteem in which he was held. The floral tributes were elaborate and appropriate. The name of W. W. Van Patter will be held in sacred remembrance by the good people of Indian Head—Free Press.

The new Cement block is nearly completed. The story is a three story brick, the upper stories being used as offices, and the lower story is a large store.

The magnificent new Methodist church is finished on the outside. It has an extremely neat and artistic appearance. The windows are composed of stained glass in appropriate designs. The interior is divided into two compartments, the church proper and a fine school room.

The excitement consequent upon the election was considerably augmented on polling day, when it was made known that Mr. Jas. Harvey had, on that day, while boring for water, struck a flow of natural

gas on his farm. The proportions and value of the vein may be imagined, when it is known that the escaping gas may be heard at a distance of three and a half miles. It is to be hoped that it is an indication of abundance of coal.

We regret to have to report that Mr. A. W. Sherwood is one of the victims of the fever. Dr. Hunt is putting a new addition to his drug store.

Geo. Mooney intends erecting a new house in the neighborhood of the Presbyterian church.

Geo. Gordon opened his new hotel yesterday, Wednesday.

Glad to report that some of the late victims of typhoid fever may be seen on the streets again.

We understand that the skating and curling rink have dissolved partnership and the curling club intend putting up a rink for their own benefit. What is to become of the skates

Mr. W. Douglas' magnificent dwelling house is almost completed

Mr. S. R. Edwards was taken seriously ill on Saturday night with heart affliction. He is now recovering however.

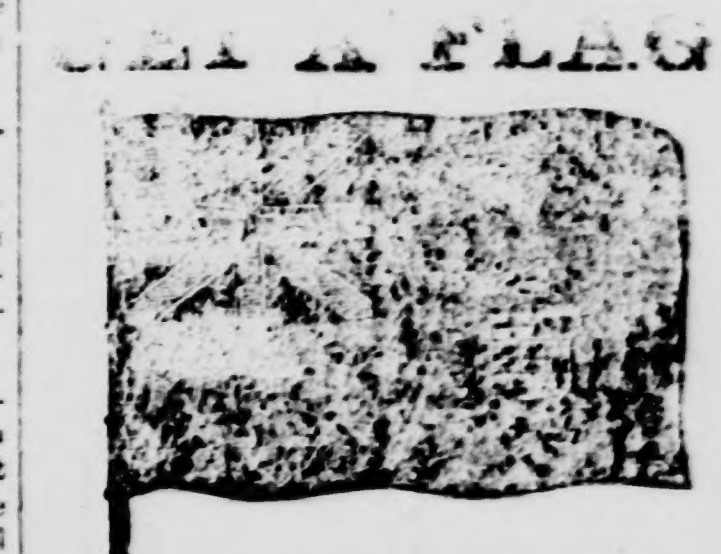
Who fired the guns on Friday night? Nobody knows. Ask Bailey's supporters.

Selling Railway Tickets

Most people are unaware that it is a criminal offence to buy or sell a railway ticket outside of the regular agents of the company. But such is the fact and the statutes of Canada provide that the punishment for this crime is a fine up to \$50, or imprisonment. The C. P. R. have been patient for some time but the evil of selling the return part of a cheap ticket has become so pronounced that the company has determined to put a stop to the practice, and hereafter will press for the imprisonment of a culprit as well as a fine. In several cases in which passengers were detected travelling east on tickets purchased from those who had come up from the east, on the cheap rates, the officials have been lenient and only insisted upon them paying full fare or leaving the train and giving up their tickets. This was done principally because the passengers appeared to be ignorant of the law, but in future more vigorous measures will be enforced to prevent the continuance of the custom.

Dr. Mackie Dead

Dr. Mackie, father of A. Mackie former proprietor of the PROGRESS and a well known physician of Portage la Prairie, died recently in Chicago. He had gone to one of the hospitals there for treatment. His case was pronounced hopeless, but he was too weak to undertake the journey home. Deceased is survived by Mrs. Mackie, three daughters and two sons.



Art Embroidery Emporium.

ALL and see my Allos knitting wool and other wools of all kinds. An immense and well assorted variety of Crocheted, Knitted or Fancy Work, Silk Corsets, Plush Bais and Pom-Poms. All kinds of threads, all kinds of trimmings, all kinds of ribbons, all kinds of cushion tops. Some new clouded silk and linen thread. The very best qualities kept for the finest work. Beautiful Dollies, Centre-pieces and Luck-a-lack. I have anything you can ask for in stamped linen goods. My Millinery Department is complete. Many of these goods can be purchased nowhere else in town.

++ Values the best ++

MISS E. GRAY.

RUSSIA IS IRRITATED.

THE KHALIFA IS HARD PRESSED ON THE FRONTIER.

London Papers Urge the United States to Squeeze the Philippians and Preserve the Peace of the World.

St. Petersburg, Nov. 7.—The St. Petersburg newspapers show great irritation at England over the settlement of the Fashoda affair and agree in the declaration that her conduct will arouse the powers interested in the Suez Canal to open a discussion of the best means of preventing the final establishment of England in Egypt.

THE KHALIFA'S FLIGHT.

Cairo, Nov. 7.—Khalifa Abdallah, the Egyptian leader, is hard pressed on the frontier southwest of Khartoum by natives friendly to the Anglo-Egyptian expedition and it is believed that his capture is imminent. An escape, his son-in-law, is already a prisoner and is being brought to Khartoum.

THE PHILIPPINES.

London, Nov. 8.—The Standard says editorially this morning: "We can see no alternative. Spain must accept as inevitable the loss of the Philippines. No doubt the United States will assume a heavy and serious responsibility, but it augurs well for the future that the people of America appreciate and are ready to meet it. England will watch the experiment with every wish for a favorable issue."

The Daily News wonders whether trouble is brewing in the Philippines arising from German opposition to annexation.

London, Nov. 8.—The Daily Mail this morning urges the American people to pronounce boldly in favor of retaining the Philippines. "For otherwise there will be a scramble for calling stations that will endanger the peace of the world."

DEFENSIVE TRANSPORTS.

Halifax, Nov. 7.—Lord Seymour, commander-in-chief of the forces in British North America, created a sensation on Saturday night, when he announced that the military transport service in Halifax was defective. He was surprised to learn that the facilities for the transportation of troops in case of trouble arising were of the meagrest character in this respect. The imperial authorities have fully recognized Halifax. There are no suitable vessels in Halifax, and those supplied by the imperial authorities are little better than worthless. The reason the warships Pelican and Cordelia were loaded with ammunition and dispatched from Halifax is this: About this time of year the British and French vessels on the Newfoundland coast, on the fisheries protection service, retire, but the Frenchmen have remained on the Newfoundland coast, and in case of hostilities arising, the Cordelia and Pelican can slip across from Sydney to Newfoundland, at short notice. The British war vessels will also keep a watch on the Frenchmen coaling at Sydney in case of trouble.

SENSATIONAL REPORT.

St. John's, N.L., Nov. 7.—The British government telegraphed the colonial minister to-day asking the number, tonnage, and capacity of steamers available at this port to convey coal from Sydney for the use of British warships. The cruisers Cordelia and Pelican will be held at Sydney to capture St. Pierre and protect St. John's in the event of war being declared. The cruisers are also instructed to break the French cable between St. Pierre and Brest, France.

AFTER SEVEN YEARS.

A Defaulting Bank President Surrenders Himself to His Bailsmen.

Philadelphia, Nov. 4.—Gideon W. Marsh, the fugitive president of the Keystone National Bank, which collapsed on March 20, 1891, returned to the city today after an absence of over seven years and surrendered himself to his bondsmen, William H. Wanamaker. The closing of the Keystone bank created a tremendous sensation at the time and the developments immediately subsequent thereto resulted in the sentencing to long terms of imprisonment of John Bardsley, then city treasurer of Philadelphia, and Chas. Lawrence, the cashier of the bank. Both have now completed their sentences. Marsh was at the time of his disappearance, May 15, 1891, under three indictments for violations of the banking laws. Security in \$20,000 had been entered by William H. Wanamaker for Marsh's appearance at court. He suddenly fled from the city and Mr. Wanamaker was obliged to forfeit the amount of the bail and it is asserted that he expended fully \$20,000 more in an endeavor to ascertain the whereabouts of the fugitive. Mr. Marsh today informed Mr. Wanamaker that he went from here to Brazil where he remained several years, and then came back to the United States and located in the state of Washington, where he has been earning his living. He came east a few days ago and spent yesterday in New York city. He came to Philadelphia today and went at once to Wm. H. Wanamaker's office.

A Frenchman Arrested.

London, Nov. 3.—A Frenchman has been arrested at Dover for attempting to enter the big gun turret on the admiralty pier there.

The extra sleep obtained by the use of a mosquito bar is so much net gain.

CAUSE OF RHEUMATISM.

HOW THE DISEASE IS DEVELOPED AND CAN BE AVOIDED.

For Years This Trouble Baffled Physicians' Skill—Now Understood and Easily Cured—The Result of Scientific Research.

From the Advance, Kemptville, Ont.

There is a popular idea that rheumatism is cured by exposure of cold, and that some localities are infected with it more than others. Scientists say that such conditions frequently promote disease, but from the fact that this ailment runs in certain families, it is shown to be hereditary, and consequently a disease of the blood.

Frequently an individual in whose family rheumatism has not occurred, develops the disease, and when a diagnosis of the case is made, it is generally found that the ailment is due to a derangement of the blood.

One such sufferer who has been cured is Capt. D. W. Becket, who lives in the township of Oxford, Grenville county. Capt. Becket is the owner of 275 acres, and lives in a beautiful farm home on the banks of the Rideau, some 3 miles from Kemptville. In addition to being a thrifty farmer, Mr. Becket has taken an enthusiastic interest in our volunteer force, and has graduated from the military college at Toronto with a first class certificate, which entitles him to the rank of major. To a reporter of the Kemptville Advance, Capt. Becket made the following statement: "Four years ago I was taken suddenly with rheumatism in both my elbows and thigh joints. The pain at times was something terrible. I took medicine and doctored for six months, but continued to grow worse and worse. My arms from the elbow joints to the tips of the fingers became numb and had a prickly sensation, and I was unable to do any work; in fact I could not lift my hand to my head. The pain I suffered in my hips was almost unbearable and my legs were nearly as useless as my arms. I had frequently read testimonials where Williams' Pink Pills had cured this disease, and at last I thought I would try them as an experiment. Before I had completed the first box I felt they were helping me, and after I had taken the pills a little more than a month the pain had almost entirely left me, and I felt an altogether different man. I feel satisfied there is no other medicine could have wrought such a speedy cure and I can truthfully say I met the enemy and defeated him through the aid of Dr. Williams' Pink Pills.

Dr. Williams' Pink Pills are a specific for all diseases rising from an impoverished condition of the blood or shattered condition of the nervous forces, such as St. Vitus dance, locomotor ataxia, rheumatism, paralysis, sciatica, the after effects of la grippe, loss of appetite, headache, dizziness, chronic erysipelas, scrofula, etc. They are also a specific for the troubles peculiar to the female system, correcting irregularities, suppressions and all forms of female weakness, building anew the blood and restoring the glow of health to pale and sallow cheeks. In the case of men they affect a radical cure in all cases arising from mental worry, overwork or excesses of any nature.

Protect yourself against imitations by insisting that every box you purchase bears the full name Dr. Williams' Pink Pills for Pale People.

Affairs in Crete.

Canca, Nov. 4.—The foreign admirals have informed the Turkish governor of Crete that they will proceed with the military occupation of the various administrative offices of the island on November 4, and the Turkish officials will not thereafter be permitted to re-enter them. The Turkish troops then in the island will cease to be regarded as garrisoning Crete, and the Turkish military posts and military services will be abolished. The admirals also ask the governor to embark all the Turkish troops, that the transports now in Suda Bay will hold and request his government to speedily send enough ships to embark the remainder.

Unattached List.

Ottawa, Nov. 4.—Major General Hutton has inaugurated a system which will enable an officer who has removed beyond the limits to retain his connection with the militia. Provision has been made for the establishment of an "unattached list," to which will be relegated officers who previously would have been obliged to sever their connection or who, if qualified by the necessary service, would have been placed upon the reserve of officers. An order-in-council was issued to-day in the following terms:

"An unattached list is authorized in connection with the active militia of Canada in order to facilitate the transfer of officers of one corps to another without sacrifice of militia rank. Transfers to the unattached list will rest with the major general commanding."

CONSULS RISING.

New York, Nov. 3.—A cable to the Evening Post from London follows: "I am told on the highest authority that the Fashoda question has been settled and that a general and satisfactory arrangement has been reached with France. Consuls are rising steadily."

All the Powers will send delegates to the disarmament conference.

Watchdog De Barry.

Buffalo, N. Y., Nov. 4.—Miss Mary O'Connor, a young woman whose home is in Montreal, was this afternoon deported to Canada by Inspector De Barry. The order for her deportation came from Washington. Mr. De Barry learned of the facts in the case last Monday and forwarded the particulars to headquarters. Miss O'Connor gave her occupation as that of a commercial traveller. She was employed by J. H. Farr and company, soap manufacturers, of Montreal, and Buffalo, and came to the United States under contract. It was a clear case of violation of the alien contract law, and Miss O'Connor had to be sent "cross the bridge."

New Steamship Line.

Vancouver, Nov. 4.—The Pacific Coast Steamship Company, which has had a monopoly of business between British Columbia ports and San Francisco, may have a Vancouver rival. Captain Edwards, Frank Richards and other owners of the steamer Mananense, are asking the city for concessions and they will establish a line to Frisco and perhaps to Panama and also from Vancouver direct to Skagway. They say they can get \$1,500,000 in England for the purpose. Frank Richards has explained the scheme in detail to the merchants but some are inclined to think he cannot succeed with the Pacific Coast company to compete against. He believes he can and if the city will grant the concessions asked he will go right ahead.

Nothing Settled Yet.

London, Nov. 2.—A semi-official note issued this evening relative to the reports of a settlement of the Fashoda question says: "The matter is substantially in the same position as when the blue book and yellow book were published. It is not anticipated that France will take further steps until Major Marchand's arrival at Cairo on Thursday, when explanations will be forthcoming as to his reason for leaving Fashoda."

Secures an Important Concession.

London, Nov. 4.—The Constantinople correspondent of the Standard says: "Emperor William's visit to Constantinople has resulted in an agreement with the Sultan, whereby the latter gives the Kaiser the right to plant a large German colony along the whole Frontier of Tripoli. This arrangement will protect the Sultan against encroachments across the Tripoli-Tunis Frontier and will avoid granting a concession in Asia Minor, which would induce Russia to demand compensation."

"My father's a general. What does your father do?" "Whatever mother tells him."

THE MARKETS.

New York, Nov. 7.—Wheat receipts, 407,725 bushels; exports, 106,576 bushels. Chicago, Nov. 7.—Wheat, Nov. 65c; Dec. 65c; May 66c. Corn Nov. 31c; Dec. 31c; May 33c. Oats—Nov. 23c; Dec. 23c; May 24c. Ribs—Dec. \$4.02; Jan. \$4.05. Pork—Dec. \$8; Jan. \$9.05. Lard—Dec. \$4.95; \$5.05.

WINNIPEG MARKETS.

Wheat—No. 1 hard, Fort William, 70c. Flour—Patent, \$2.20; strong bakers \$2.00; second bakers, \$1.70; XXXX, per sack of 98 lbs. \$1.35. Graham flour, \$2.00, and whole wheat flour \$1.85. Oatmeal—Is laid down here from the States at about \$1.75 for 80 lb. sacks of rolled. Oats—25c per bushel. Barley—Nominal at 30c. Butter—Creamery, 20 to 20c; dairy, 15 to 15c. Cheese—Manitoba, 8 to 8c. Millfeed—Bran, \$9, and shorts \$11 per ton in bulk; large lots, 50c per ton less. Ground Feed—Barley chop is quoted at \$16 per ton. Oil cake is quoted at \$26 to \$27 per ton. Eggs—Dealers are paying 18c for receipts here. Dressed Meats—Beef, 5 to 5c; mutton 7c to 7c; lambs, 8c; hogs, 7c to 7c; veal, large calves, 4c to 5c; real veal, 6c to 7c. Poultry—Mixed lots of dressed chickens will bring 10c per lb, and 12c has been paid for nice lots of spring chickens, but the tendency is lower. Dressed turkeys will bring 12c, and ducks 1c per lb. Game—Mallards, 30 to 40c per pair; canvas backs, 40 to 50c, and small varieties 20 to 25c per pair. Wavies and small geese, 40 to 50c each; large geese, 60c each; rabbits, 7 to 8c each. Vegetables—Potatoes, 40c per bushel; turnips, 15 to 20c per bushel; parsnips, 1c per lb; carrots, 40c; beets, 40c per bushel; celery, 20c per dozen; cabbage 25 to 40c per dozen; onions, \$1.00 per bushel; Spanish onions, \$2 per crate. Hides—No. 1, 7; No. 2, 6c; kip, 6 to 7c; calf, 8c; sheepskins and lamb skins, 30 to 50c; horse hides, 75c to \$1.75 each; colts, 25c each. Wool—Unwashed Manitoba fleece, 8c to 8c. Tallow—No. 1, 3c, No. 2, 2c to 3c. Seneca Root—21c per pound. Hay—Baled, \$7 to \$8 on track here. Cattle—Butchers' cattle are 2c to 3c. Export cattle quoted at 3c to 3c. Sheep—3c for good to prime animals; lambs, 4c. Cows—Readily bring from \$35 to \$40, and as high as \$45 and \$50 has been paid recently for choice new milkers. Hogs—Good bacon hogs at 5c off cars here.

BREVITIES

PERSONAL CHATS.

Wellington once said, "Take my word for it, if you had seen but one day of war you would pray to Almighty God that you might never see such a thing again."

Sir William Henry Broadbent, M. D., F. R. C. P., has been appointed one of Queen Victoria's physicians extraordinary in the room of the late Sir Richard Quain, M. D.

Falling Shower is the name of an Indian girl baby born recently in Brooklyn. Her parents' names are Little Cloud and Laughter Water, and she has a small brother called Morning Glory.

Count Cassini, the new ambassador of Russia to the United States, is said to have extraordinary powers as a linguist. He speaks fluently seven languages, including Turkish and Chinese.

It is said that Colonel John Hay, our ambassador to England, during the two days following Schley's victory shook hands with over 4,000 people who came

to congratulate him on his country's triumph.

Snapper Garrison, the once famous jockey, has quit the turf and is engaged in the life insurance business in New York. He failed to save any of the big sums he made as a rider and is said to be in debt.

Colonel Hallowell, formerly of Wichita, Kan., who died the other day, was the opponent of Jerry Simpson when that Populist first ran for congress and was the originator of the famous nickname, "Sockless" Simpson.

General George E. Bryant, who was Admiral Dewey's roommate at Norwich (Vt.) Military academy, says that Dewey belonged to a student society calling themselves the "University Regulars" and was the leader in all their mischief.

Mr. Gladstone is said to have managed the Hawarden estate, which was once much involved, with so much thrift and sagacity that the eldest son of W. H. Gladstone will, it is believed, succeed to £10,000 a year on attaining his majority.

Joseph M. Nowak, a lawyer of Cleveland, after ten years of married life divorced his wife and married her seamstress. Then he divorced the seamstress and remarried his first wife. In less than a year they were again divorced, and now Nowak has married the seamstress once more.



... DON'T BE A WEAK MAN!

Don't let your past errors wreck the happiness of your life. You can be cured. Over 5,000 such men as you have been cured during the past year by

DR. SANDEN'S ELECTRIC BELT.

This is the only sure, permanent way to regain vigor. It has taken the place of drugs, which never cure. Electricity is life and restores life to men who have lost it. Send for the book,

"THREE CLASSES OF MEN" FREE.

Or call at the office and test the Belt free of charge. It means health and happiness to you.

DR. D. T. SANDEN,

132 St. James St., Montreal.

RESULTS FOR 1897

LIFE INSURANCE

CANADIAN BUSINESS.

The following is compiled from figures of 1897 furnished the INSURANCE AND FINANCE CHRONICLE by the several companies:

| Name of company. | Business written. | Gain in business. | Percentage. |
|------------------------|-------------------|-------------------|-------------|
| Great West Life..... | \$2,206,300 | \$1,405,830 | 64 |
| Ontario Mutual..... | 3,031,900 | 1,185,719 | 49 |
| Dominion Life..... | 593,700 | 59,596 | 43 |
| No. 10 American..... | 3,431,524 | 469,218 | 43 |
| Sun Life..... | 4,317,292 | 1,256,174 | 29 |
| Temperance & General.. | 1,791,650 | 511,075 | 28 |
| Canada Life..... | 3,627,652 | 1,008,529 | 28 |
| Confederation..... | 3,132,72 | 714,649 | 23 |
| Federal..... | 2,063,850 | 85,165 | 4 |

As great emphasis is—very properly—given by all the companies to the percentage to "gain in business" to "business written," it is gratifying to find that, as in so many other respects, its friends will still have reason to be proud of

THE GREAT WEST LIFE ASSURANCE CO.

PHENIX ASSURANCE CO'Y

—OF—
LONDON
ENG.

First British Fire Insurance Office Established in Canada, A. D., 1844.

The above company is desirous of opening agencies in all towns throughout Manitoba and the Northwest Territories where they are not at present represented and will be pleased to receive applications for same.

PATERSON & SON,

Chief Agents for the Dominion of Canada,
Montreal, Que.

The Manitoba Assurance Co.

IS A HOME FIRE COMPANY.

KEEP YOUR MONEY AT HOME, BY INSURING IN IT.

DIRECTORS:

HON. HUGH JOHN MACDONALD, President.
JOHN RUSSELL, A. M. PATTON, H. S. CROTTY
W. J. TUPPERT, Vice President and Manager.
ROBT. HALL

CROTTY & CROSS, Agents, Winnipeg.

AGENTS WANTED IN UNREPRESENTED TOWNS AND DISTRICTS.

W. L. WAT, Agent, Qu'Appelle.

WHEN LOVELY MAIDEN

STOPS TO FOLLY



CHAPTER VII.

"It's an ill wind that blows nobody good," muttered Richard Hamilton, as he boarded the down-town car the next morning. "I think I'll drop into Van Driscoll's office and wish him joy, incidentally mentioning that I am a trifle hard pressed for money to-day, and who knows but that in his exuberance he may offer to help me out of my difficulty."

He put the thought into execution at once.

Mr. Van Driscoll was pleased to see him.

"I was awfully glad to hear the news, Jimmy, old chap!" exclaimed Dick, slapping his friend on the back, with a genial laugh. "Allow me to give my future brother-in-law a hearty hand-shake, at the same time wishing you and our little Gertie a world of happiness. I guessed her secret, that she was in love with you, before any one else discovered it, I reckon, reserved as she is."

Van Driscoll laughed delightedly. This was quite sufficient to put him in good humor at once.

"When is the event to come off—the marriage, I mean?" asked Dick.

"Just as soon as I can induce my betrothed to permit it to take place," answered Van Driscoll. "It is as your queen wills, you know."

"I suppose the wedding will be a great event?"

"It will be the greatest event of my life," returned the young district attorney, in a husky voice, "and it will be the greatest in Gertie's. The event will be in keeping with the prominence of the fair society beauty whom I have won from the rosebud garden of girls. Neither money nor pains shall be spared, I assure you."

"It will be a church affair, of course," said Dick.

"I suppose so," said Van Driscoll, half lost in deliciously dreamy thoughts. "She thinks as much of her church as she does of me, I fancy."

"I hope you will not be jealous of that," laughed Dick.

"No; especially as it happens to be my church as well, and I am quite attached to it, and have been from boyhood on."

Dick digested nervously in his chair. The subject, owing to the turn it had taken, was growing quite irksome to him. It had been many a year since he had darkened the door of a church. Threats and commands had been of no avail. It was then that Mr. Hamilton had decided that his handsome, scapegrace son had indeed got the better of him, and was utterly lost, and he was forced to see the black sheep of the family tread the path he had chosen for himself, though the end of it lay in utter ruin.

"I suppose you will not refuse to be best man?" said Van Driscoll.

"If I am in town when it takes place," returned Dick, laconically.

"Are you thinking of leaving the city?" asked Van Driscoll.

"Yes; I'm going to fight out of New York," replied Dick, with a very deep sigh; "for no other reason than to find work. That's about the size of it. A man who has been used to living an idle happy-go-lucky life can not take a position in a city where he is known to a fast set of fellows used to spending a fortune in a single night. He must go where he is not known, and accept anything that offers itself. I want to show the Governor that I have a great quantity of the Hamilton blood in me yet."

His apparent frankness quite deceived Van Driscoll, keen judge of human nature though he was. Dick saw it.

"We had quite a little split last night. I went to him for a loan of a thousand dollars to put in a speculation from which I would be sure to realize five times that amount within ten days' time. He refused me. Of course I was all broken up over it; but I swallowed my great disappointment like a man and turned away, leaving my shattered hopes behind me, speaking no word of reproach or anger. In my heart I was deeply grieved that he could not trust me—his own son."

"Dick," said Van Driscoll, "will you allow me to come to your rescue in this emergency? Will you accept the loan from me?"

"I could not think of it," returned Dick, promptly. "I am already considerably in your debt, and it will take me some time to clear it up as it stands. I am deeply grateful for your offer, but you know, Van Driscoll, my self-respect wouldn't allow me."

"I insist upon it!" interrupted Van Driscoll, earnestly. "Great opportunities like you speak of do not come a man's way every day; it would be a pity to let it escape you for the want of a little money."

"True; but—"

Van Driscoll drew out his check-book, saying—

"I insist upon your allowing me to come to your assistance. We will say nothing about past obligations; consider them entirely wiped out."

"You are too good," exclaimed Dick, his face flushing. "I have done nothing to warrant such generosity on your part."

"You—you are Gertrude's brother," whispered Van Driscoll, "and, as such, have the greatest kind of a claim upon me. If I can assist you in any way—at any time—you have only to let me know."

"I thank you from the bottom of my heart, Van," exclaimed Richard Hamilton, stopping short for want of words apparently, but, in truth, hesitating as to whether he dared ask Van Driscoll to make out a check for two thousand instead of one, seeing he was disposed to be liberal.

The next two words Van Driscoll uttered caused him to start so suddenly from his chair that he nearly lost his balance.

"I am glad you came in when you did, Dick," he said, "for you drew my thoughts away from a very unpleasant subject. I was wondering what ever became of that photographer's daughter, Jessy Carr, whose father was sent to prison. I heard she still kept the gallery, but I did not learn whether she was getting along well or not. Her heart is greatly embittered against me, I have heard. I presume that is natural. Poor girl! I have often thought about her. You remember the case, don't you, Dick?"

Richard Hamilton felt his face grow from burning red to a deathly white; his hand trembled so violently that the check he held dropped to the floor. He was thankful beyond measure that Van Driscoll did not look up from the pile of papers he was filing. Van Driscoll repeated the remark, thinking his companion had not heard him.

"Every one remembers the case, I think. You made a great hit in it, Van. As for the girl, I think I heard she still had the gallery, and was doing a good business, so much so that she has engaged an assistant or two."

Van Driscoll breathed freely.

"I am glad to hear that," he said, "heartily glad," adding: "Your sister Gertrude was thinking of having her photograph taken so her father was telling me, and I was thinking since that it would not come amiss for her to patronize poor Jessy Carr."

"Don't send her there!" cried Richard Hamilton, in alarm. "The gallery is only a third-rate one. Gertrude would be greatly displeased with anything that came from there—in fact, she would be displeased if you even suggested that she sit to this felon's daughter for her picture."

"I shall certainly take care not to mention it if she would view it in that light," declared Van Driscoll. "Many thanks for giving me such a timely hint."

"I should advise you never to go there," continued Dick. "People might ascribe your solicitation for her welfare to other motives, and Gertie would make a time of it if it should get to her ears. An ounce of prevention is worth a pound of cure," they say. Gertrude is proud, and, to tell you a little secret, there is a pretty good share of jealousy in her make-up. She wouldn't like to have you do anything that would hurt her pride or grieve her love."

"I cherish her too fondly to cause her even the slightest heart pang," cried Van Driscoll, hastily. "You can depend upon that. Why, I would lay down my life to serve her, bless her dear little heart! You know that, Dick."

"Yes, I am sure of it," returned Richard Hamilton, picking up his hat, thankful that their conversation was interrupted at that critical moment by the entrance of two gentlemen who had business to transact with the district attorney.

Richard Hamilton did not breathe freely until he was out on the street and away from the keen observation of James Van Driscoll.

"Great heavens, what a narrow escape!" he muttered. "It would indeed have been a rather sensational denouement had I stepped into the gallery some day and found myself face to face with either Van Driscoll or my sister Gertrude. The devil and all would have been to pay all around. If it were not that Jessy is expecting me to dine with her at eleven, I wouldn't go around there; for, by George! my nerves are all shaken up to see how nearly I came to being trapped. I am beginning to believe that it is true that the devil takes care of his own."

For a half dozen blocks or more he walked slowly along, then quickened his pace as he reached lower Broadway, glancing furtively to the right and left as he hurried along, stopping at length before a photograph gallery which bore above the entrance, in well-worn letters, the name of Carr.

Again he turned, glancing sharply about him. "No one is watching my movements," he said to himself; and he turned quickly at the doorway, ran lightly up three long flights of stairs, and found himself at length at the open door of the gallery.

"La-sakes! if it isn't Mr. Frederick Lancaster, the Western drummer, all dressed up in a brand-new suit, looking for all the world like a New York dude!" cried a saucy young voice from the window, on whose wide ledge a young girl was perched. "I saw you coming down the street, walking as if you owned all Broadway, but I did not recognize you on account of your summer suit. It looks stunning. Miss Jessy will say so when she sees you in it. Come in; don't stand out there bowing and breaking your back in the effort," cried the loquacious young girl; adding, as he entered: "You ought to have been here a few minutes ago. I had the jolliest kind of a lark with some country people who did not think they had 'done' New York until they had had their 'pictures took,' as they called it. I declare, it always seems as if something funny is sure to happen when I'm left here alone at lunch-time. You'll have to wait for Miss Jessy a little while; so you might as well sit down and fan yourself and be contented."

Mr. Frederick Lancaster, drummer for a Western house, as he was known to the occupants of the gallery, seated himself

leisurely on a papier-mache chair which was made to represent a queen's throne.

"I shall not miss the time waiting for Miss Carr," he said. "You will be sure to charm me into forgetfulness of the passing hour."

"Take care; beware how you fire off compliments around here," answered the girl, with a merry, breezy laugh. "If Miss Jessy were to hear you, she'd be angry; and furthermore, if Tim Kelly heard you, why, there would be a duel. I, Tekla Hart, sweet sixteen, pert, and pretty as a peach, if I am red-headed, am actually engaged, and have been since yesterday. Comprehend? Saurev? as the Italians say. I forgot to add that Tim is the man."

"Lucky Tim," remarked her listener, with an indolent smile.

(To Be Continued.)

FASHION'S FANCIES.

Extremely large white chenille dots are seen on colored veillings.

Embroidered chiffons are being much used for veils and hat trimmings.

Many of the new coats have the revers turned back and covered with lace.

Sleeves are being made smaller and without trimming, except at the wrist.

For a neat and stylish tailor made gown the panel effect is universally liked.

Waists are elaborate, with revers and epaulets, and skirts are tucked, ruffled and braided.

Suits of cheviot, covert and cloth are braided, while silk and cashmere are ruffled or tucked.

Standing collars for dressy waists have a fall of silk and open in the back and are ornamented with lace.

Blouse suits of plain and fancy weave are made with revers, belt and apron, with large buttons for fastening, and finished with braid garniture.

Waists trimmed with ribbon velvet are pretty with steel buttons at regular intervals on the velvet. Expensive waists have a yoke of contrasting color.

A new idea in the taffeta skirts is to have the flounces edged with a frill. Skirts worn with silk waists are pretty trimmed with cross ruches of narrow ribbon.

The new blouse waists have large revers, edged with narrow lace insertion over a foundation of chiffon puffing. Silk waists, veiled with chiffon of the same color, have the waist body, basque and epaulets decorated in this manner or with baby ribbon.

Etamine waists in pale colors have the yoke finished with a ruching of etamine, edged on both sides by a narrow ribbon ruffle of the same color. This ruching is finished on either side of the waist by a large rosette composed of narrow ribbon set on in clover pattern. The center of the rosette is a circle of the same ribbon ruching filled in with lattice checking. —New York Tribune.

STAGE GLINTS.

Cissy Loftus will try America once more.

The son of Daniel W. Voorhees is on the lecture platform.

Della Fox announces that she is going into musical comedy.

Eugenie Blair is said to have a strong play in "A Creole Courtship."

A new operetta, by A. E. Lancaster, is entitled "The Kissing Bridge."

Milton Nobles has written a little comedy with the title of "Belinda Bailey's Boarders."

Joseph O'Meara will resume his part of Dick Fitzgerald in the coming revival of "The Highwayman."

Henry Arthur Jones will shortly put forth a new play, to which he gives the queer name of "The Maneuvers of Jane."

Annie Russell is to have a new comedy written for her. Her success in London in Bret Harte's "Sue" has been pronounced.

The daughter of Sam Small, the evangelist, Lola Small Jackson, is in New York making arrangements for her stage debut in the fall.

Isabel Irving, Elsie De Wolf, Arthur Byron and Blanche Burton will be in John Drew's production of Henry Arthur Jones' "The Liars."

Mr. Tree will return to Her Majesty's, London, in November, at a date not yet definitely announced, in Sydney Grundy's adaptation of "The Three Musketeers."

"The Beauty Stone" has been to a large extent a failure in London, with all its music by Sir Arthur Sullivan and its libretto by Arthur Wing Pinero and J. Comyns Carr.

The first presentation of Laurence Irving's drama, "Richard Lovelace," with the author in the title role, took place recently at the once famous Bath theater, England.

POINTED PARAGRAPHS.

Time hangs heavy on the hands of a clock.

Love may not be blind, but it seldom sees its finish.

A man always imagines he wants the earth until he gets sick.

Only the best of everything comes to the man who waits on himself.

A woman always believes a statement until she hears a contradictory one.

A WAR MYSTERY.

It Concerns a British Steamer and a Strangely Laden Derelict.

Some shrewd people think they have unraveled a mystery of the war. The mystery has to do with the disappearance from the high seas of the good ship Ravenna, one of the regular liners of an English East India company.

Just as the war broke out we had bought from a South American government a



THE STERN OF THE SCIPIO.

cruiser which had just been completed at a British shipyard. This cruiser was afterward christened the New Orleans. Being English built, she was armed with English guns, which required English ammunition, including smokeless powder. It was given out at the time that it was too bad that the neutrality laws prevented us from buying in England the needed ammunition.

Then the Ravenna sailed, not on her usual course, but to Antwerp, where, according to the manifest, she took on ballast. It was nicely boxed ballast, which was carefully handled. Then the Ravenna sailed out to sea and since then, although it was months ago, has never been reported. But if the Ravenna disappeared another ship came as mysteriously into existence. She was found by a United States scout boat some 200 miles off Sandy Hook, and, strange to relate, there was not a soul on board. She was in fine condition, too, and in her hold was a nicely boxed cargo. On her stern was painted in white letters, somewhat unskillfully, the name Scipio. The scout boat took her in tow and left her at the Brooklyn navy yard. There is splendid system in our navy yards, so the ballast was taken out with exceeding care and stored away. Had persons of an unduly inquiring turn of mind been there at the time they might have wondered why ballast should be conveyed to the arsenal, of all places, and there locked up so carefully as this ballast was. But, then, there was nobody around with an unduly inquiring turn of mind, and of course there was no possible connection between the picking up of a derelict, the arrival of a collier and the sudden abundance of ammunition for the English guns on the cruiser New Orleans—the only American warship, by the way, which used smokeless powder in the war.

As the Ravenna disappeared, as the derelict disappeared, so, immediately after being unloaded, the Scipio disappeared, but the navy yard has been open to the public again lately, and persons of an inquiring turn of mind found the Scipio. She was lying snugly in an inlet near the "Boneyard," where the old and useless ships of the navy molder ingloriously, and under the white letters that spell Scipio, other letters, they spell another name. And that name is Ravenna.

A BOLD CAMPAIGNER.

Major Marchand, Who Is Causing England Trouble In Africa.

Major M. B. J. Marchand, the French army officer whose reported presence at Fashoda, on the White Nile, has rudely disturbed the British dream of an imperial



MAJOR M. B. J. MARCHAND.

African province stretching from Alexandria to Cape Town, is a fiery, energetic soldier who will very likely resent any interference with his plans. Three years ago he was merely captain of marines, but in 1896 he laid before the French war department his scheme for an African campaign, and not only was it adopted, but he was given a major's commission and put in charge of the enterprise.

It was a bold and audacious plan, this dash into the heart of the dark continent, and it was extremely doubtful if he would succeed, as he took with him but a few hundred Senegalese. His men are loyal blacks, however, and skillful sharpshooters. Fashoda was the destination which two years ago he picked out, and at Fashoda he is, according to recent reports.

In his 3,000 mile march to the upper valley of the Nile Major Marchand left a trail of blood such as other African mili-

tary expeditions have done before. Unable to transport his 3,000 loads of supplies to Brazzaville, he burned every village on the road, killed several hundred natives and took their live stock for food. At daylight the inhabitants of a village would be awakened by the blast of a trumpet, and they would issue from their huts to be shot down. That was the last heard of Marchand on the west coast.

From time to time there were reports that Marchand's expedition had been wiped out, and as nothing definite has been heard from him sometimes these were believed. But news travels slowly from the heart of Africa, and so Major Marchand's appearance at Fashoda is hardly a surprise.

TIP THE WAITER OR STARVE.

This Is What You May Now Expect In All Big Cities.

Waiters in most big cities have formed leagues similar to that which has existed in New York for years for the punishment of "miffs." A miff is a person, male or female, who does not tip the waiter. A reporter recently went to a modest eating house and bar where a dozen men were grouped about a table. The men, it seemed, were waiters out of a job, and the place was one of several rendezvous of the craft. They were conversing, and ever and anon the talk returned to miffs—for instance:

"That's a pretty good place, but dere's too many dem miffs. You work for nuttin dere."

"So I fixed it all up nice and ran back about 20 times, and the dirty old miff never givums a cent."

"No use talkin, Emile, you can't make wages with all them miffs in town."

By keeping his ears open the reporter picked up a large share of highly esoteric information.

When, through principle, economy or for any other reason, the diner at restaurants fails steadily to tip the waiter, things are apt to happen. Dishes that ought to be cold come to him sizzling and those that should be hot are as chill as charity. If he orders eggs, he will probably get tripe, and when he calls for soup the waiter accidentally brings him pie. Naturally he gets mad and kicks. Then the waiter apologizes, declares it was all a mistake and dreamily spills gravy down his back.

The effect of this course of discipline is usually to confirm the miff in his perversity. He grasps the situation and determines grimly that he won't be bulldozed into paying tribute. He will complain, b'jove, and he proceeds to interview the manager.

That dignity looks troubled. He has been there before. He knows the miff is being disciplined, but by such subtleties that it is difficult, as the saying goes, to put one's finger on them. It is hard to draw the line between accident and malice prepense. Moreover, the waiter is, as likely as not, a good one otherwise and a favorite with many patrons who are not miffs. So he scratches his ear and says that he will see about it.

Driven desperate by famine, the miff probably seeks another restaurant, but the move is futile. His evil fame has pre-



GETTING EVEN WITH A MIFF.

ceded him, and, little as he dreams it, he has long worn the brand of miffdom. His victims have pointed him out to the fraternity; he is known and marked for destruction. Consequently the mishaps that have dogged him are merely continued on an aggravated scale. If he is a man of iron constitution, he prolongs the struggle indefinitely, an embittered wanderer from house to house, seeking vainly to elude his Nemesis; otherwise he reforms.

In New York the more abandoned miffs once organized an antitipping league. They were encouraged and headed by William Dean Howells, the novelist, who went to the length of writing several essays in which he intimated that tipping was sapping the vitals of the republic and undermining its institutions. It is a significant fact that in his next novel, "A Hazard on New Fortunes," Mr. Howells went out of his way to complain that one could get nothing to eat in New York. The waiters of that city have three old established clubs and it is said that the walls of these resorts are adorned with portraits of the officers of the league bearing inscriptions that would not gratify their families. It is also claimed that photographs of the more notorious miffs are kept in albums and inspected by new arrivals.

Would Contivate It.

"They say that blushing is a disease," she suggested.

"Indeed," he replied. "I thought it was a fashion."

At any rate he knew that a pretty girl would not run away from a case of it for fear of infection. —Chicago Post

A Protracted Winner.

"What a novel style of hairdressing! What do you call it?"

"The Dewey."

"Why the Dewey?"

"Because I commence it before breakfast and finish it after." —Cleveland Plain Dealer.

THE VEDETTE.

Vol. 1

Fort Qu'Appelle, N.W.T., Nov. 10, 1898.

No. 5

The Qu'Appelle Progress

A weekly paper devoted to local and general news. Published every Thursday morning by

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"THE PROGRESS,"

Qu'Appelle Station, Assa., N.W.T.

THURSDAY, NOV. 10, 1898

The election shortlived is already over and the result cannot but be gratifying to the government of the Territories. Their victory has been a sweeping one and while it was conceded by all that they would be returned by a large majority the results are even more favorable to them than was anticipated. In several cases the candidates have lost their deposits. While all fair minded men like to see a good government sustained by a good working majority there are not many who like it to have such a force at its back that it can carry through the House measures of any kind. We do expect that this difficulty or danger will be experienced in the new Assembly, for while the government has apparently earned the greater number of constituencies it must be remembered that many of these are only conditional supporters of the government i.e. they will support government measures on their merits only. This is surely a much higher level of politics than mere party lines. It means opposition to the government if necessary, but that opposition is based upon the disadvantage to the country and not upon a prejudiced feeling. With the new Assembly composed as it is of many able men anxious to see the Territories progress and capable of seizing the opportunity moments and using them to the best purpose we can hope for great things in the next few years. The Territories are now making advancement and it will be a disappointment if the future welfare of the country does not exceed that of the past.

In South Qu'Appelle the election was warmly contested by both parties but as far as we know, no bitter feelings have been fostered by either party, and this is as it should be. One candidate must always be the victor and if every success produced hard feelings amongst the people, instead of being a benefit to the electorate, would be a harm to the country. The people of South Qu'Appelle are now better satisfied than if there had been no contest, both the victorious and defeated party. The electors have expressed themselves and we now know their feelings on the past policy of the government. Had there not been an election a great deal might have been said as to what the result would have been had there been one; now we know. The member elect will no doubt be better satisfied also to go with a mandate from the people. We congratulate Mr. Bulvea and the government on their success and we believe that the opposition of South Qu'Appelle, since they didn't succeed in electing their own candidate, are glad that they have no worse a representative than G. H. V. Bulvea.

The Report of Inspector Rothwell on the Condition of the School, Etc.

SCHOOL HOUSE.

Room 1.—The room is in good repair. There are not sufficient seats for those in attendance. Otherwise the room is an excellent one.

Room 2.—This room is kept neat and clean. In other respects it is first class. The pictures give it a homelike appearance.

Room 3.—This room is well kept. Its walls and ceiling are clean; its desks are comfortable.

EQUIPMENT

Room 1.—The equipment is sufficient for good work.

Room 2.—The sand-board will be useful in the teaching of geography. Let me ask for an outlay of four or five dollars for suitable readers to encourage the pupils to read.

Room 3.—The equipment is good and quite sufficient except for the teaching of second class work.

PUPILS

Room 1.—Enrolled 54; in actual attendance 54; present 37. All these are in standard I; they are orderly obedient and as quiet as little children need be kept. Their attendance is moderately regular. The junior classes know most of the sounds and have very fair power to unite them into words. They are also beginning to write. They are being taught singing and gymnastic exercises. They are governed by affection not by fear.

Room 2.—Enrolled 40, in actual attendance 40, present 38. These are in standards II and III. They are orderly, obedient, respectful. There seems to be a bond of respectful affection between pupils and teacher. Spelling in both II and III is good; so also is writing. Standard III has power to calculate arithmetical problems accurately; all classes were examined carefully in composition, grammar and thought reading. They are much above the average of II and III standard pupils in these subjects. Their power to understand a piece of reading is remarkably good.

Room 3.—Enrolled 45; in actual attendance 34, present 31. These are in standards III, IV, V and VI. They are orderly and respectful. The respectful deportment of the pupils of Qu'Appelle school, in all three departments, is a credit to themselves, to their parents and to their teacher. Literature, standard VI (one girl) she had made but poor preparation and answered but little. The lesson was well taught. Arithmetic, a large class, Sts IV and V. This was pretty well done. They have the power to be accurate in their solutions. St. III solved some problems in reduction with their own teacher and did pretty well. Euclid, Sts. V and VI. A large class and is doing well. They

have not advanced far however. They are also learning music, nature study; algebra, physiology and physics. In fact a full course for second class certificates is being taught.

TEACHERS

Room 1.—Miss Jennie Beveridge First Class, Interim. Miss B. manages her classes affectionately and is improving as a teacher of young children.

Room 2.—Miss Gertrude Davidson, Second Class, Interim. Miss D. has good natural aptitude, has been trained to teach, and with experience will make a successful teacher.

Room 3.—E. E. Law, B. A. First Class, Interim. Mr. L. is just now suffering from a cold. His cough interferes with his teaching. He is earnest and diligent.

GENERAL STANDING OF SCHOOL.

Room 1.—Very fair. There are too many for one teacher attending yet the daily attendance does not warrant the engaging of another teacher.

Room 2.—Very good.

Room 3.—Very good.

SEC-TREAS BOOKS.

These were examined on my first visit, and found in good condition.

NOTICE

Notice is hereby given that in accordance with the provisions of the North West Irrigation Act, the undersigned has filed the memorials and plans required by Section 11 of the said Act with the Commissioner of Public Works, Regina.

The applicant applies for the right to impound sufficient water from the Qu'Appelle River on the N. E. 1/4 of Section 27 Township 19 Range 12 West of the 2nd Meridian for domestic and stock-watering purposes, and for the right to construct the necessary works as shown by the plans and memorials filed, to enable the water so diverted for the said domestic and stock-watering purposes on the following lands, viz: the Northeast quarter of Section 27 Township 19 Range 12 West of the 2nd Meridian.

JOHN A. REID

Clerk of the Executive Council

Dated at Regina, Oct. 28, 1898.

NOTICE

Notice is hereby given that in accordance with the provisions of the North West Irrigation Act, the undersigned has filed the memorials and plans required by Section 11 of the said Act with the Commissioner of Public Works, at Regina.

The applicant applies for the right to impound sufficient water from a tributary of the Qu'Appelle River on the S. W. 1/4 of Section 19, Township 19, Range 12 West of the 2nd Meridian, for domestic and stock-watering purposes, and for the right to construct the necessary works as shown by the plans and memorials filed, to enable the water so diverted to be used for the said domestic and stock-watering purposes on the following lands: Southwest 1/4 Section 19, Township 19, Range 12, West of 2nd Meridian.

JOHN A. REID

Clerk of the Executive Council

Dated at Regina, 28th Oct., 1898.

OFFICIAL TIME WAGGON'S GUIDE

CITY MEAT EMPORIUM.

D. BROWN,
Wholesale and Retail Butcher.

Highest market price paid for Prime Cattle, Sheep, Hogs and Poultry.

A choice stock of mild cured smoked meats, comprising hams, shoulders, spiced roll, breakfast bacon, Bologna and pure leaf lard always on hand. Our pork sausages—they are a treat. Fresh Salmon, from B.C., a specialty.

Our motto: "Quality, cleanliness and civility."

All orders promptly attended to.

Call and see us.

Main St., Qu'Appelle Stn.

A. E. IREDALE & CO.

Fort Qu'Appelle, Assa.

Fall and Winter Goods to hand

This week we have just opened up a large consignment consisting of General Dry Goods, Gents' Underwear, Clothing, etc.

We also have a most complete stock of Men, Women and Children's Rubbers and Overshoes in all styles and at prices to suit the times.

Parties wishing to purchase any of the above lines will do well to inspect our goods before buying elsewhere. No trouble to show goods.

A. E. IREDALE & CO.

HENRY H. HAYWARD,

General Merchant, Company Ave., Fort Qu'Appelle.

The attention of residents in Fort Qu'Appelle and its vicinity is respectfully called to the large and varied stock now on hand, consisting of

DRESS GOODS

In all styles and shades—Ladies under and over skirts, Golf Jerseys, Skirtings, Underwear, etc.

GENT'S

Heavy Underwear. Shirts in all sizes and weights.

CLOTHING

Ready-made for Men, Youths' and Boys' suitable for the season and all prices.

FURS

Hats, Caps, Overcoats, etc.

FOOTWEAR

All sorts and sizes of boots and shoes in leather and felt goods.

MITTS and MOCCASINS

See our boys buckskin mitts—a specialty.

GROCERIES

Fresh and clean every week. Tinned goods of all descriptions, including C. & B.'s celebrated brands.

MEATS

Tinned in all lines. The best dry salt meats procurable. Sugar cured hams and breakfast bacon highly recommended.

TEAS

Headquarters for the following choice brands of package teas—Lipton's

Ram Lal's, Salada and Blue Ribbon. Bulk Japans, Congees, Pekoes. Crockery and Glassware. Silverware, Xmas Goods. I carload of fresh Groceries (from the east) 1 carload of salt in bins, and bags. Green winter apples by the bin. Prices greatly reduced. Call and examine for yourselves.

Qu'Appelle Valley Hotel THE ONLY LICENSED HOUSE AT FORT QU'APPELLE.

A full line of the choicest brands of Wines, Liquors, Ales, etc., is kept at the bar for the convenience of the public and visitors.

Parties seeking HEALTH OR RECREATION find the QU'APPELLE LAKES just the locality to meet their requirements, as well as a SPORTSMAN'S PARADISE.

ROBERT S. SMITH, Prop., Fort Qu'Appelle, N.W.T.

WM. JOHNSTON,

Headquarters for

Hardware,

—:— Cutlery

STOVES

and everything in the Tin and Granite-ware line.

Call and see my new get-up of

Lanterns

Nothing to beat on the mar ket.

MEAT STORE

We do a general butcher business in all its branches.

Salt and fresh meat always on hand.

Best quality! Prices right

J. R. NORTH

Qu'Appelle Laundry.

Washed starched and ironed:

| | |
|-----------------|---------|
| Shirts | 12 1/2c |
| Collars | 5c |
| Cuffs, per pair | 10c |

Unlaundered shirts laundered:

| | |
|-----------------|-----------|
| ried | 10c |
| Undershirts | 7 1/2c |
| Underwear | 7 1/2c |
| Top shirt | 7 1/2c |
| Handkerchiefs | 3 for 10c |
| Socks, per pair | 5c |

LEE WING.

Next door to G. A. MacGill's business shop.

NOTICE.

THERE will be a meeting of the Rate-payers in the town hall on Saturday, November 26th, at the hour of 2 p.m., for the discussion of matters of municipal interest, to which all interested are invited to attend.

W. G. VICARS, Reeve.
Qu'Appelle, Nov. 9th, 1898.

NOTICE.

FUR CAP taken from MacGill's house the night of the election. The party who took it kindly return the same and save annoyance, as they are known.

LOCAL NEWS

Mr. W. Heubach, of Touchwood Hills, was in town on Saturday last.

Mr. J. S. Court, of Indian Head, was in town on Saturday.

Mr. and Mrs. Chas. Johnston, of Balcarres, were in town Sunday and Monday.

Mr. Foster, who has been ill for several weeks, is now able to say in a fair way that he is well.

Mr. A. McDonald, Miss McDonald and Mr. McDonald left for Winnipeg on Sunday's train.

On the evening of the 7th of November, a severe snowstorm on Sunday, Nov. 8th, which was in the midst of the Presbyterian mission, was unable to attend service at Wide Awake.

There was a serious accident some weeks ago, when Dr. Hall's careful treatment, was successful.

The board of school trustees met on Saturday last at the office of the Secretary, Mr. D. H. McDonald. Mr. R. Williams was present as principal and Miss Lang as secretary.

Messrs. W. Heubach and J. A. McDonald shipped quite a number of cattle from Qu'Appelle Station last week. Most of the animals were in prime condition and are said to have been among the finest ever shipped from that place.

At a meeting of the directors of the agricultural society held in the Board of Trade room on Saturday last, business in connection with the recent grain show and farmers' union, was transacted. It is very pleasing to learn the show and reunion were a decided success in every sense of the word.

Mr. Jas. B. Sandford, cabinet-maker of this town, and one of our best citizens, has made and presented a beautifully carved oak chair to the master and brethren, of Qu'Appelle Valley Lodge No. 32, A.F. & A.M. This one of the finest Masonic chairs we have ever seen. Mr. Sandford's generosity is much appreciated by his brethren.

Mr. H. Wilson, assistant miller, had a rather sad accident a few days ago. While cutting down the Mission hill at a rather rapid rate his wheel came into collision with a boulder which absolutely refused to get out of the way, and, as a natural consequence, Herb, took a header. We are pained to say that with the exception of a few bruises he is none the worse for his fall.

A great many more than ordinary interest took place on Wednesday last, when Mr. Clifton Webster, son of our esteemed townsman, Mr. Robert Webster and his amiable wife, was married to Miss Annie Long, sister of Mrs. Chas. Cargo, of this town. The ceremony was performed by the Rev. A. Robinson, of Indian Head, who is an old and valued friend of the family. The young couple will live on their farm, which is situated about two miles out of town. They have very bright hopes for their future happiness and success in life.

LEBRET.

The severe blizzard of Sunday afternoon was in all probability the introductory chapter to a long unrelenting winter. We have not met any person yet who was particularly anxious to see it come.

Messrs. Smith and Stock were at Indian Head on Tuesday, the guests of Mr. D. F. Cogan, private secretary to Manager Whyte, of the C.P.R.

Rev. Father Maguan went to Winnipeg on Sunday.

Rev. Father Campan was at the Mission last week. He preached a very interesting and instructive sermon in English on the occasion of the feast of All Saints.

The public school literary society held its regular monthly meeting for the election of officers on Friday afternoon. The following officers were chosen: President, Harold Campbell, and Secretary, Joseph Campbell. A programme was then rendered, although the usual selections by Maggie and Alice were much missed.

The family of Mr. Geo. Fisher, of Batoche, have moved to Lebret and are occupying the house recently vacated by A. Goyer.

Rev. Father St. Germain went to Touchwood on Sunday.

Very little interest was taken in the elections here, owing, no doubt to the fact that there was no contest in this district. Besides, ye inhabitants of South Qu'Appelle, how pleasant it is for brethren to live together in peace and unity!

A couple of apparently rash young men who had been in from Qu'Appelle Station on Sunday. They enjoyed the not altogether unexciting pleasure of returning through the snowstorm which arose in the early afternoon. We fancy their prayers are they reached "sweet home" would seek expression in language somewhat as follows:

"O, had I the wings of a dove,
How soon would I return to you
again."

Springbrook.

All who are interested in the Literary and Debating society are requested to be present at the annual business meeting to be held on Friday evening, Nov. 11.

Threshing is now a most finished, the average yield being about twenty bushels per acre.

Messrs. Brown, of Springbrook, and Wagon, of Keadis, returned from their showing expedition, with well filled bags.

The box, well at Springbrook is now completed, being supplied with a pump, which is under cover, of a neatly constructed shed. We still notice that the church managers have neglected to put in the long talked of the rings.

Mr. Hammond, of the Lake of the Woods Co., of Qu'Appelle, paid us a flying visit last week.

Those of our young people, who attend the Farmer's Re-Union, at the Fort, report having had an enjoyable time.

Hanby-Wylie Concert.

Several entertainment and concert companies have visited Qu'Appelle this season, but the greatest treat that has been given here was enjoyed by the audience who greeted the Hanby-Wylie Concert Company on Tuesday evening. As it was their first appearance here the hall was not full, as the public have been disappointed more than once, yet a fair gathering was there. Should they again come this way they will be greeted by as full a house as Qu'Appelle can present. Comparing it with other companies it defeated them with the variety. There was music, instrumental and vocal, by a soprano, a tenor and a baritone singer, added to this there were character plays and humorous sketches beside the dancing of little Frankie Timms. Any who were not there missed a treat. Wylie's character representation was perhaps the most enjoyed of all, though it is hard to make a choice. The whole programme was noted for the high tone of the selections, many of which were Scottish, and the Scotch will not forget it for a long time.

A magnificent highly colored reproduction of the great painting—"The Charge of the Gordon Highlanders at Dargai"—is the splendid premium offered by the Weekly Tribune for the coming year. The Weekly Tribune is now permanently enlarged to sixteen pages and is admitted to be the best Canadian paper, west of Lake Superior and it will be even better during the coming year. For one dollar it will be forwarded till Jan. 1st 1900, the balance of this year and the premium FREE. Subscribe now.

TRIBUNE PUB. Co. Winnipeg.

NOTICE

Notice is hereby given that in accordance with the provisions of the North West Irrigation Act, the undersigned has filed the memorial and plans required by Section 11 of the said Act, with the Commissioner of Public Works at Regina.

The applicant applies for the right to impound sufficient water, from a tributary of the Qu'Appelle River, on the road allowance between Sections 31 and 36, Township 17, Ranges 12 and 13 West of the 2nd Meridian, for domestic and stock-watering purposes, and for the right to construct the necessary works as shown by the plans and memorials filed, to enable the water so diverted to be used for the said domestic and stock-watering purposes, on the following lands, viz: portions of Sections 23 and 36 Township 17, Ranges 12 and 13 West of the 2nd Meridian.

JOHN A. REID

Clerk of the Executive Council.

Dated at Regina, 25th Oct., 1898.

E. B. ROBINSON
VETERINARY SURGEON.

All calls promptly attended to.

Office: - Port Qu'Appelle, 1898

KIDNEY-SICK PEOPLE!

By far the largest army of sufferers in the world are the kidney-sick people—but by far the largest army of the cured ones attribute their release from disease to the great South American Kidney Cure—Cures Bright's disease. Cures Diabetes. Cures all bladder ailments.



tested by eminent medical authorities on kidney diseases, and proved and testified to by them as the surest and safest cure for all diseases of the kidneys and bladder. It's a purifier—a healer—a health builder—efficacious alike to man or woman.

Good News from the North Country.—A young machinist in a large manufacturing concern in Northern Ontario, fell a victim to the dropsical form of kidney disease, through atmospheric changes in following his daily labors—he continued his work until almost commanded to quit by the physician from whom he had been receiving treatment. He visited Toronto and consulted an eminent authority on kidney diseases. The doctor sent him home with a hopeful story of himself as he could give, but wrote privately to the young man's physician that it was only a matter of time with him until death would claim another kidney victim. When he began to realize for himself that his case was hopeless, he took his case in his own hands, determined to fight for his life. He experimented with many so-called cures without relief. South American Kidney Cure was brought to his notice, and like everything else, he tried it—to his astonishment he began to feel better under its use. He continued to gain strength—he took six bottles, and today that same young man can be found at that same lathe, working for that same concern, hale and hearty as the first day he went there. He gives all the credit to South American Kidney Cure.

SOUTH AMERICAN NERVEINE.—Is a nerve healer. Cures indigestion and all stomach troubles which are forerunners of nervous collapse.

SOUTH AMERICAN RHEUMATIC CURE.—Has lifted men off a bed of pain after a few days' use, who have not been free from suffering for years.

DR. AGNEW'S OINTMENT cures blind, bleeding, itching or ulcerating piles in from three to five nights. 35 cts.

Sold by F. E. Parker

Hudson's Bay Company,

Fort Qu'Appelle.

Dress Goods...

Latest tweed effects, all double fold, from 12½ to 75¢ a yard.

Fancy Plaids, all leading shades,

At 20, 25, 30, 35 50, 60, 75 and 90¢ per yard.

SHOT EFFECTS IN NEWEST SHADES,
25 TO 75¢ PER YARD.

Ladies' Habits,

Cloth 54 in. wide, at 35¢ to \$1 per yd.

SERGE, 35¢ to \$1 PER YD.

Estaminie Cheviot and Diagonals,

42 in. to 52 in., at 35 to \$1.25 yard.

Notice to Creditors.

IN THE SUPREME COURT OF THE NORTH-WEST TERRITORIES.

Judicial District of Western Assiniboia, IN THE MATTER OF THE ESTATE OF ERNEST WILLIAM BRINE, deceased.

Pursuant to the order of the Hon. Mr. Justice Richardson, dated the 17th day of October, 1898: TAKE NOTICE that each creditor of the above estate is required to send in to the undersigned, on or before the 19th day of December, 1898, his claim against the said estate, together with statement of security, if any, held by him.

And take notice that each claim is required to be verified by statutory declaration stating therein whether such creditor holds any security for his claim or any part thereof; and giving full particulars of the same, and if such security is on the estate of the said deceased or on the estate of a third party for whom said deceased is only secondarily liable, he shall put a specified value thereon.

Dated at Regina, this 17th day of October, 1898.

NORMAN MACKENZIE,
Administrator.

WANTED

A first class laundress. For position apply at the PROGRESS Office.

Better late than Never!

But we are to the front now with:

LACES. LEATHER—Sole, upper.

Belt lacing the best in the market.

Shoe thread. Skate straps,

wholesale or retail.

Russell's Calf Leather.

Cork soles. Leather

and rubber

cement.

Frank Miller's Leather Preserver,

for shoes or harness. Makes the

leather as soft as a glove.

Gilt Edge Shoe Dressing.

Awls, knives,

rivets, nails, etc.

always on hand.

Boots and Shoes still repaired.

M. BAILEY,

Qu'Appelle Station.

JUST OPENED

A GENERAL BUTCHER BUSINESS

Always on hand:

Fresh and Salt Meats. Beef, Pork, Mutton, etc.

FARMERS

The Highest Cash Price Paid for Good Beef Cattle, Pigs, Sheep, etc.

I am here to STAY. A share of your patronage solicited.

GEO. AMBLER, Main Street,
Qu'Appelle Station.

SUPPORT HOME INDUSTRY

Qu'Appelle Valley Flour Mills

Fort Qu'Appelle. (Established 1884.)

GRISTING—

Bran, Shorts, Chop, Chopped

Feed.

FLOUR—

Hungarian Patent, Strong Bakers,

Graham.

Chopper grinding feed stuffs.

Full supply always on hand at CREAMER & GRAY'S,

QU'APPELLE STATION.

JOYNER & ELKINGTON, Proprietors.

C. FETHERSTONHAUGH,

LIVERY STABLES

QU'APPELLE STATION and FORT QU'APPELLE

Daily Stage between Fort Qu'Appelle and Qu'Appelle Station.

First class rigs and horses. Careful drivers.

Stage leaves Qu'Appelle Station at 8 a.m., and the Fort at 2.30.

READY AT ALL POINTS.

TREMENDOUS PREPARATIONS IN GREAT BRITAIN FOR WAR.

Military and Naval Men Regard the Movement as Opportune and War With France Inevitable.

New York, Nov. 6.—Henry Norman, in his first London letter to the Times to-day, dwells at great length on the haste with which war preparations are being carried forward by England, despite the pacific utterances of Lord Salisbury, at the banquet given to General Kitchener on Friday evening last. Mr. Norman says in part: "I have never known public opinion to be so perplexed as it has been during the past week. Everybody has been completely in the dark. Not a single newspaper has received official inspiration. Even Lord Rosebery, who broke a two years' political silence to support Salisbury, has been vouchsafed no information whatever, though it is his policy upon which the country is now united. The puzzle is this: Why is England arming to the teeth in hot haste, when it has been well known for a fortnight that the French government would evacuate Fashoda unconditionally. The magnitude of our preparations is probably not fully realized in America. In the first place, it should be understood that the presence of the channel squadron at Gibraltar ready for action is an ominous sign. In spite of its name, this squadron has nothing to do with the channel. It is at Gibraltar to prevent the union of the French northern squadron from Brest with the southern squadron at Toulon, the British strategy being to crush these separately. An emergency squadron has been formed from the coast guard battleships Alexandria, Redoubt, Collingwood, Colossus, Rodney, the port guard battleships Howe, Nile, Sanspareil, Thunderer and Trafalgar, and the training service battleships Conqueror and Hero. These twelve, with full crews, ammunition, coal and provisions aboard, are ready to put to sea, while the cruiser squadron, comprising the Terrible, Diadem, Niobe, Retribution, Blonde, Europa, Australia, Galatea, M. Lampro, Severn, Scourge, Crescent, Sybille, Latona, Naiad, and Mercury, is almost ready. Add to these eleven torpedo gunboats and no fewer than twenty-four torpedo boat destroyers. This enormous force, however, is not specially concerned with the defence of the Channel, which is left to what is called a division of the fleet reserve, the composition of which is never published. This is supposed always to be ready to mobilize in forty-eight hours' notice.

FAST PREPARATIONS.

To prepare the above ships for sea in so short a time, of course, the dockyards are worked at the highest pressure. Officers, men, coal, food and shell are poured in, yet although immediately sent aboard and with every yard of space and every bed occupied, on Thursday there were 15,000 officers and men at Devonport alone. The coast guard reserves were summoned by pre-emptory telegrams in one hour. Police were sent in all directions to discover men absent on leave. The commanding officers of the volunteer artillery received the first mobilization warning, for they would be the quickest to respond, and they would man the coast and river batteries until the regular reserves arrived. At the war office there are bundles of telegrams addressed to volunteer officers and post cards addressed to men all ready to dispatch. The volunteers already officially advised, have a sufficient supply of warm underclothing, and 2,000 swamens sent from the naval depot were "discharged, not lent," which means a long period of service. It is expected gunners will be sent with their bedding to man the eighty-ton guns at Dover. The admiralty has ordered 200 six inch wire guns put in hand instantly at Sheffield. Orders for 200 million tons of smokeless coal have been distributed among sixteen Welsh firms. Although the usual quarterly supplies were sent to Gibraltar and Malta a few weeks ago, ship loads have just been despatched, 500 tons of provisions to Malta alone. A million pounds of tobacco have been prepared at the chief victualling yard, sixteen new hydraulic presses being added to handle it. Even a thousand flasks of special wine for administering the last sacrament have been issued. This rough summary is sufficient to show the extraordinary scale of the British preparation for war. Never since Nelson's time have such efforts been made. Moreover, Sir Michael Hicks Beach is an extremely pugnacious chancellor of the exchequer. Usually every penny for public purposes has to be wrung from him. Now millions are being poured out. What on earth does it mean.

TO A CERTAIN POINT.

Last night Lord Salisbury especially emphasized his announcement that the settlement of the evacuation of Fashoda was "only up to a certain point," repeating the phrase twice. Immediately after dinner I asked one of the three leading statesmen of this country, "How far does this take us?" He replied: "Nowhere, it amounts to nothing at all; the simple fact is that the French could not stay at Fashoda. It is a pestilential swamp, swarming with huge, poisonous mosquitoes. White men have to keep their faces and hands smeared with thick stuff. Even the black troops suffer severely; but the Bahrel-Ghazal province contains large healthy, fertile territories, while its inhabitants afford a magnificent recruiting ground. A traveller there

has declared that Africa could be conquered by an army raised in Bahrel-Ghazal. Here Marchand has established seven posts, with armed garrisons, under the French flag. He has proved that not only from Tambura, but even from Brazzaville, on the French Congo, there is open water communication via the rivers Yoko and Such to Meshra-er-Tek, the port of the Bahrel-Ghazal province, when the way is free to Fashoda. Khartoum and Cairo, except one break of seventy-six kilometres between here and Tambura, and for this distance he has constructed a rough road, ready to receive a light railway, of course, these places are well within the territory administered by Egypt before the Mahdist rebellion, and, therefore, a part of the Anglo-Egyptian sphere about which Lord Salisbury absolutely

REFUSES TO NEGOTIATE.

Yet this is precisely the demand for access to the Nile, which France has similarly declared she will rather fight for than forego. In view of this fact, the occupation of Fashoda is seen to be wholly unimportant since that place is merely an inconvenient station on a long route. If France were allowed to retain the road from Mero to Tambura she would have secured the vital portion of original territory and would possess the means of cutting the Cape to Cairo route, sending gunboats to the headwaters of the Nile, jeopardizing the security of lower Egypt and joining hands with the Abyssinians. If these were ever hostile to England or Egypt, it was precisely against this that Sir Edward Grey warned France in 1895 and that she began again in 1896 to attempt, after having abandoned the undertaking in 1894, as we have just learned from the positive statement of Colonel Montell, who was originally charged with this mission. This, then, as it seems to me, is the explanation of relations between England and France which impels the British government to prepare for a great war, as it is evident they are doing."

A GOLDEN OPPORTUNITY.

Mr. Norman then reviews at length the comparative strength of the two navies, enumerates many French possessions throughout the world which Great Britain would at once take possession of in case of war; says that France would never fight England single handed; her only possible ally is Russia, and he is convinced the latter country neither will nor can fight, and concludes his letter as follows: "To complete the survey I must add that there is an influential party here, including several members of the cabinet, who strongly urge that the present is a heaven-sent opportunity for England to insure peace for years by destroying the greatest danger to the British Empire. There would be a general peace of the French policy of harassing England all over the world were made impossible. It would be easy to induce or compel Russia to make a settlement of all outstanding disputes with Great Britain. Then a general reduction of armaments would be possible, and the world would go fearlessly about its proper business. To my knowledge the admiral who would take chief command of the British navy in war has urgently advised the cabinet to order a complete mobilization. The country would support this action, for good-natured indifference to France, hostile words and actions has given place to deep resentment and a desire to put a stop for good to this exhausting peril. Le Figaro to-day says that Fashoda will be evacuated "with bleeding hearts and despairing souls." Other French papers have been declaring that France will never come to seek an opportunity for revenge. "What is the sense," Englishmen are asking themselves, "of merely postponing a war until France can drag in some other nation against her?" War between the great powers of Europe is always in the highest sense improbable, but I have said enough to warrant the belief that the present situation is fraught with great peril. Therefore, I have treated it to-day, to the necessary exclusion of many other topics. To-night's news is that work is ordered to proceed all night on the coaling of ships at Devonport, and all leave of absence is stopped."

FRENCH INDIGNATION.

Paris, Nov. 6.—The Paris newspapers are exceedingly bitter over the surrender of Fashoda, many of them making violent attacks upon the government. Le Figaro declares that the humiliation of France is unprecedented since the war of 1870-71. "We leave Fashoda," the paper says, "with bleeding hearts and despair in our souls." M. Rochefort says in L'Intransigeant: "Now that Fashoda is gone, England will find another pretext for war." Other papers speak in a similar strain.

MARCHAND TO RETIRE.

Paris, Nov. 6.—Le Matin to-day confirms the report that the government will instruct Major Marchand to return to France with his expedition from Fashoda by way of Djibouti on the Gulf of Aden, the "only route consistent with French dignity." The paper expresses the hope that the national flag "will not again be involved in such small colonial enterprises, unless success is assured beforehand, both diplomatically and by adequate support."

COLLIERS IN DEMAND.

London, Nov. 6.—A dispatch to the Central News from Glasgow says that pressing inquiries have been received there for steamers to carry coal to Gibraltar, Bermuda and Sierra Leone, and efforts are also being made to secure stokers and artificers for the navy. Recruiting in the Scotch regiments has shown a marked increase since the defeat of the Dervishes at Omdurman. An additional force of 100 men arrived at Devonport dockyard Saturday morning to expedite the coaling of ships that are being put in readiness for sea. The roster of the Devonport yard shows that there are 15,000 men there. Beyond the usual Saturday until Monday leave, no one is permitted to go away.

THE ABERDEENS DINED

BID FAREWELL AT A DINNER GIVEN AT TORONTO.

His Excellency Makes Suggestions Regarding Public Men—Lady Aberdeen Speaks.

Toronto, Nov. 6.—The farewell banquet given on Saturday night by the citizens of Toronto to the Governor-General and Countess of Aberdeen was a very brilliant and successful affair. A most striking innovation in connection with it was the presence of ladies in large numbers. About three hundred sat down, comprising as distinguished a gathering as could be mustered in the city. The pavilion was beautifully decorated. The general form of the tables was a St. Andrew's cross. One of the tables was devoted to military men in uniform and lady friends. The Highlanders' band played selections during dinner, notably "Cock of the North," as a reminder of the charge of the Gordon Highlanders at Dargal Heights and out of compliment to Lord Aberdeen. Mayor Shaw presided, and at the table of honor, on his right, were: The Countess of Aberdeen, the bishop of Toronto, Mrs. Mayor Shaw, Chief Justice Sir George Burton, Mrs. Mulock, Hon. Geo. A. Cox, Mrs. S. Denison, Hon. D. MacInnes, Mrs. Hardy, Hon. J. C. Aikins, Mrs. Sweatman.

On the chairman's left were the governor-general, Miss Mowat, Hon. Wm. Mulock, Mrs. G. W. Allan, Sir William Howland, Mrs. Geo. A. Cox, Mr. Eskine, Lady Thompson, Mr. J. H. G. Thompson, Hon. A. S. Hardy, Hon. G. W. Allan, Lady Marjorie Gordon. Practically the only speech of the evening was that of Lord Aberdeen in reply to the toast of his health proposed by Mayor Shaw, who expressed general regret at the approaching departure of their excellencies and spoke in warm eulogy of their course during their term of office.

Lord Aberdeen in reply spoke at some length. He expressed appreciation of the kind personal references of Mayor Shaw and of the presence at the banquet of so many citizens of eminence. He referred to the feeling of regret with which he and the countess would leave Canada. Continuing, his excellency made some remarks of a more important character. After referring to the manifest evidences of abounding prosperity on every side he said: "Things are getting better and perhaps the people of this country will consider among other things that there are certain classes of men who work very hard for the country and who deserve recognition in the matter of a wherewithal, whereby they will be prevented from the worrying care of private affairs while they are engaged in the service of the country." (Applause.)

Continuing Lord Aberdeen said: "Another topic to some extent akin to this subject: I venture to think and hope that public opinion in this country will recognize more and more that in connection with the whole civil service, beginning with what it called the inside civil service, permanence and entrance by merit as far as possible should be the recognized principle. When I say merit, of course, I hope I shall not be misunderstood. I do not mean that there is a want of merit under the present system, but rather something in the direction of competitive examinations, so that there will not be any fear of undue weight being given to any other consideration than affording a fair chance to all who desire to do so to get admission to the public service. That, I say, is something to be aimed at. There are more difficulties in this matter than might appear at first sight. A governor-general in five years gains a sort of insight into matters of this sort, and sees the difficulties as well as the advantages of such a course. Still we ought to have as our goal, object and aim, a steady advance towards the removal of the civil service from anything like influences of a direct sort, however important these may be."

After speaking for a few minutes on the greatness of the future that seems to be opening up before Canada, especially for that portion of the Dominion lying to the west of older Canada, he continued: "Speaking of the Dominion, as a whole, we all know that in promoting the fulfilment of the vast destinies of this country there must be difficulties. There is one which has often been spoken of, and as to which I think there is a growing feeling which will promote its solution. I refer to what is called the race problem. I remember on one occasion, before I came to this country, officially speaking to one of your great men on this subject, that able, thoughtful statesman, who I am proud to claim as one of my best friends, the late Sir John Thompson, a notable man. (Cheers.) I said to Sir John Thompson on that occasion, 'How about the race problem?' He answered me that is a diminishing difficulty. But, of course, in any process, such as this there are ups and downs, and sometimes a backward motion, apparently; but so long as progress is going on in

the main we may look on with both hands folded. There seems to be an increasing disposition on the part of the people of Ontario to more and more recognize the people of Quebec, and they are more and more recognizing the people of Ontario. And certainly the more we know of each other, the more we shall appreciate each other. I not only say we have got to make this a diminishing and vanishing difficulty; if it is a difficulty, but that it is impossible for this country to truly succeed in the full sense we desire and intend to succeed unless we get rid of anything that will hinder us in its development." (Applause.)

Lord Aberdeen closed his speech with a pleasant word of farewell. There were many calls for Lady Aberdeen, and at length she rose and said a few words, though objecting to ladies making after dinner speeches. She voiced the regret Lord Aberdeen and herself would feel at leaving Canada. She mentioned the interesting fact that the banquet had fallen on the eve of the twenty-first anniversary of her marriage, and she added: "And of all those twenty-one happy years, I think none were happier than the five we have spent in Canada. (Applause.) And I am quite sure that our daughter will never allow us to forget the way you have celebrated the anniversary." (Applause.)

ON TWO HEMISPHERES.

Condensed War News of the World's Armies and Navies.

Cadiz, Nov. 4.—The Spanish steamer Montserrat has arrived here from Cuba with repatriated troops. There were ninety-eight deaths on board during the voyage, and 800 of her passengers are sick. The Spanish newspapers are venting their spleen on the Americans by publishing fictions to the effect that the United States officers at Gibara insisted upon the embarkation of dying Spanish soldiers.

San Francisco, Nov. 4.—Col. John P. Bratt of the First Nebraska regiment, who has been honorably discharged on account of illness, will leave this evening for his home in Bennett, Neb. He says that 15 per cent of the Nebraska troops in Manila are sick. Many of them are ill with dysentery because of their indiscretion in drinking the vile soda pop and eating half rotten bananas that the natives sell on the streets.

New York, Nov. 4.—The cruiser New York, flagship of the North Atlantic squadron has completed coaling at Tompkinsville, L. I., and is taking aboard stores for a long voyage. It was reported today that Commodore Phillips was expecting sailing orders from Washington to proceed to a southern port. The exact destination is not known.

London, Nov. 4.—The fact that the coast guardmen throughout the United Kingdom have been warned to be in readiness for mobilization is regarded as a menacing sign. Many of them have already joined their ships.

Halifax, N. S., Nov. 4.—The British battleship Renown is in full fighting trim and last night the vessel tested her electric searchlights. This week the Renown has taken aboard large quantities of supplies and ammunition.

Camp Meade, Pa., Nov. 4.—The men of the Fifteenth Minnesota refused to be vaccinated, and General Graham issued an order directing the regimental surgeons to begin vaccinating at once. If the men again refuse they will be punished.

Washington, Nov. 4.—The navy department is considering the advisability of modifying the plans of the four new harbor monitors by increasing their size from 2,700 tons to 4,000 tons, enabling them to carry four 12-inch guns in two turrets, instead of only two guns in one turret. As the offensive power of the monitors can be doubled at an increase of cost that still places the figures within the appropriation the change will probably be made.

Washington, Nov. 4.—Brigadier General Charles F. Humphrey, quartermaster's department, has been ordered to Savannah, Ga., where he will superintend the embarkation of the Fifth cavalry, which is destined for Porto Rico.

MURDEROUS CONSPIRACY.

An Organized Plot to Kill Friends of Dreyfus and Overthrow Government.

London, Nov. 7.—The Daily Chronicle says this morning: "We have received information from a reliable quarter of a well-organized plot in Paris in the event of the enquiry before the court of cessation proving favorable to Dreyfus, to foment a riotous outbreak in the French capital, to attempt to overthrow the civil power and to assassinate the leading champions of Dreyfus."

These reports are confirmed by interviews had with M. Trarieux, former minister of justice, and M. De Presense, foreign editor of Le Temps, as well as others. The police have warned those friends of Dreyfus to change their residences temporarily or at least to carry revolvers.

JAPANESE CABINET.

Marquis Yamagata Aritomo Forms a Non-Partisan Ministry.

Yokohama, Nov. 7.—Field Marshal Marquis Yamagata Aritomo has formed a ministry to succeed the cabinet of Count Okuma Kagaki—the first party cabinet in the history of Japan—which took office on June 28 and resigned on October 31, owing to differences over the question of filling the portfolio of public instruction. The Yamagata cabinet contains no member who is connected with any of the political parties. Its constitution is as follows:

President of the council and premier—Marquis Yamagata Aritomo.

Minister of foreign affairs—Viscount Aoki, formerly Japanese ambassador to Germany.

Minister of the interior—Marquis Saigo Tsunichi.

Minister of finance—Count Matsumoto.

Minister of war—Lieut.-General Katsura.

Minister of marine—Admiral Yamamoto.

Minister of justice—M. Kiyoura Keigo.

MOHEG IN VICTIMS.

New York, Nov. 7.—The bodies of eight of the passengers on the lost Atlantic liner Mohegan wrecked on October 14th at the Manacles on the southwest coast of England, arrived here today in sealed coffins on the steamer Menominee from London. The remains are those of Mrs. T. W. King of Nantucket, Mass., and one of her sons; Mrs. Weller mother, of Mrs. King, also of Nantucket; L. N. Luke and wife of Kingston, N. Y.; Mrs. A. B. Crumbrecht, of Stamford, Conn.; Mrs. L. S. Crandin, mother of Miss Maud Roubush, the opera singer, of Meadeville, Pa., and Mrs. Sophia Crane, of California.

THE NEW REPUBLIC.

The Birth of the United States of Central America Changes Geography.

Washington, Nov. 4.—A complete transformation of the geography of Central America, occurred on November 1, by the birth of a new republic, the United States of Central America, and the disappearance of the republics of Nicaragua, Salvador and Honduras, except as states of the new union.

Senor Corea, charge d'affaires of these republics during their transition stage, has received detailed information of the changes effected, and the form of government of the new republic. As indicating the dignity and importance of the United States of Central America, Mr. Corea points out it has a population of about 2,000,000, and area of about 110,000 square miles, a great stretch of sea coast on the Atlantic and Pacific and the site of the Nicaragua canal through which commerce will ultimately pass from ocean to ocean.

The movement to form a new republic began on June 20, 1895, when the three presidents, Zelaya, of Nicaragua; Gutierrez, of Salvador, and Bonilla, of Honduras, formed the treaty of Amalapa. This provided for union on the foreign affairs of the three countries, and created a diet which directed these foreign affairs. On August 27 last a constitution for the new republic was finally drawn up and signed with due formality.

The general character of the new government is shown in a communication received by Senor Corea from the secretary of the assembly.

It states that the new order of things goes into force on November 1, the name of the republic being the United States of Central America formed of Nicaragua, Salvador and Honduras. Provision is made for the admission of Guatemala and Costarica if they elect to enter the new union. A federal form of government is adopted, the boundary line of the states being continued as heretofore, except as changed by each ceding one department to form a federal district similar to the district of Columbia where the seat of federal government is to be located.

This ceded district surrounds the gulf of Fonseca on the Pacific side, and the capital is located temporarily at Amalapa, on the Tigro islands, lying in the Gulf of Fonseca. The capital will remain here until the congress of the new republic selects a permanent site for it.

COLLIERS IN DEMAND.

London, Nov. 6.—A dispatch to the Central News from Glasgow says that pressing inquiries have been received there for steamers to carry coal to Gibraltar, Bermuda and Sierra Leone, and efforts are also being made to secure stokers and artificers for the navy. Recruiting in the Scotch regiments has shown a marked increase since the defeat of the Dervishes. One hundred men arrived at the Devonport dockyards Saturday morning to expedite the coaling of ships that are being put in readiness for sea. The roster of the Devonport yard shows that there are 15,000 men there. Beyond the usual Saturday until Monday leave, no one is permitted to go away.

The Newfoundland government passed an order regulating the price of herring.

The Progress and Vidette

QU'APPELLE, N. W. T.

FIRST AUTUMN STYLES.

347 Colors the Keynote—No Radical Change in the Cut of Gowns.

The autumn color card shown by the French manufacturers presents a perfect riot of colors, the purple and plum shades predominating in both the plain dresses and fancy wools. The first installment of fall goods is already in the hands of the French couturiers, some of whom are even showing what they call "autumn models." One never has much confidence in the modes displayed until the 1st of September. They may be "autumn models" without being autumn fashions, for there has been a carefully designed model conceived to waste its glory in the atelier of the dressmaker. It is not easy to get the fashionable world to wear a gown to wear a season ahead. However, the opinions of several leading dressmakers as to what will be the fashion are of interest and possess a certain amount of value.

First, the colors will be extremely gay and will lean more toward purple and plum than toward red or blue. The predominance of these shades will lead to some rather novel combinations—purple and salmon pink, for instance. There will be little or no change in the cut of the skirt. In the models ready to be seen now the skirts agree to a dot, and the dressmakers seem to have given up the half-hearted attempt to make the skirt popular. This model skirt fits absolutely glove-like about the hips, and in fact defines the figure in a manner that would have seemed astonishing a year ago. The volants en forme have almost run their course. They may appear in the autumn, but the dressmakers are not showing them and advise flat trimmings that do not destroy the contour of the figure. The trimmed skirt will not be so necessary as it has been during the spring, but trimmings



GOWN OF BROWN GLASS SILK.

will be fashionable. Embroideries and novel braidings will be much used, and perforated cloths in a new form appear among the new goods.

Perhaps a word should be said in regard to the deep collars that occur on the summer gowns and promise to be even more extensively worn during the autumn. The simplest form is the dauphin collar, which is cut to pass about the shoulders, the ends meeting on the bust and surrounding a heart shaped portion of the dress waist; the ends generally join under a bow or a scarf may pass under the collar to tie in a butterfly on the bust.

The change in bodices will consist more in novel arrangements of trimmings, of new forms of collars and probably a different shaped sleeve than in any decided change in cut. To judge by these advanced models the blouse will remain, as it is now, the most popular of shapes. Its new features seem to be an elaborate form of a sailor collar and long, wrinkled sleeves. There are some tulle effects worn, usually with a belt, and one gown has a curious little waist that barely covers the waist line.

Almost all chokers are snug, trig and smart rather than elaborate in character, but the entire style of a gown may depend on the finish at the neck. It is probable that the cut of these chokers is more difficult to achieve than that of the more elaborate one, for evidently they must be carefully shaped. Some dressy costumes have simply a turnover collar of the stuff, with a bow finishing it. A pretty choker that is in vogue again is the double collar. The high choker is of the cloth, and one of silk turns over this, while a scarf of the same silk passes about the neck inside the collar and makes a bow in front. A pretty form of this choker has the silk turnover collar cut to flare

FASHION AND FABRIC.

Gloves in mushroom shades are the fad of the hour, the newest tint being called "oyster."

Black velvet buttons are the latest Parisian idea for pique coats, in white cream or biscuit color.

White stockings are coming rapidly into fashion again in France and are considered quite smart with light gowns.

It is the proper thing to wear embroidered stockings to match the gown. Very exquisite hosiery is worked in tiny roses, violets or forget-me-nots.

The Louis XVI coat with the rounded fronts and long swallowtailed back is again being favored. One thing that can be said for it is that it creates a necessity for broad and other rich silks.

Ribbon trimmings will be much used in autumn on military on both hats and toques. This is a sensible fashion, since ribbon is not easily hurt by uncertain autumn weather. The wide diaphane toque still remains popular.

Many of the gowns of the immediate future will fasten at the back. The woman who does not have some one to help her will find this an inconvenient style. But those who keep up with the procession of the well-dressed must expect to be inconvenienced.

A method much employed in trimming autumn fashions is to carry tails of inch wide ribbon round the silk to suggest a deep flounce and its heading, and to supplement a yoke collar, high stock epaulettes and cuffs with two rows of frills in the same fashion.

Many have pronounced the seamless skirt an extreme notion, but tailors say not so and are using the design for severe gowns. One style of this skirt fastens down the center of the back with a close row of buttons, while the other fastens at the left side of the front.

There is infinite variety in the new veilings for autumn wear. All take the direction of close set small spots. The most becoming have a groundwork of gray or white with black chenille dots, but the newest design is of black silk net with lace sprays in cream or white, with a border to match.—New York Sun.

CURTAIN RAISERS.

Sarah Bernhardt is going to play a version of "Medea."

The Lilliputians introduce a ladies' orchestra in "Rob and Bob."

Mary Anderson's step-sister, Miss Hamilton Griffin, is to make her debut next year as a singer.

Not Movable.



Innocent Party—Now, can you tell me where this road goes to?
Rustic—Dean's got nowhere. Bin 'ere ever since I knowed it.—Sketch.

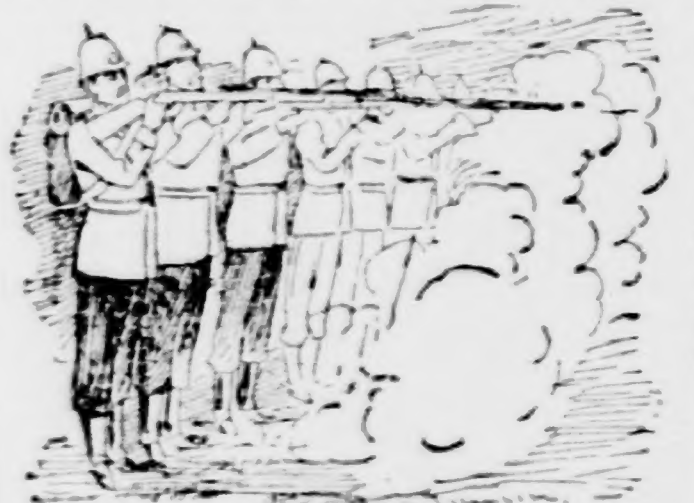
M. de Grandmont is in Winnipeg seeking heirs for a large fortune.

"If there were no birds man could not live on earth, and birds decreasing in this country."

A BRITISH SOLDIER

Tells how Milburn's Heart and Nerve Pills Conquer Disease.

Like the conquering armies of Britain, which are marching to victory in every quarter of the globe, Milburn's Heart



and Nerve Pills are everywhere triumphing over sickness, weakness and suffering. Mr. David Walsh, of Carleton Place, Ont., a man who has served with distinction and credit in the British army, and is now an employee of the C. P. Railway, says, "While in the army I got broken down, and my nervous system was completely shattered."

"I was much troubled with liver complaint, loss of appetite, etc. My rest became broken and was disturbed by vivid dreams. This had been going on for 14 years, although I took a great many remedies to escape from the troubles which afflicted me."

"However, I got no relief until I started to take Milburn's Heart and Nerve Pills, which I used together with Laxa-Liver Pills, and now after having used a few boxes, I am better than I have been for years. My nerves are restored to full force and vigor, I eat and sleep well, and my entire system has been toned and strengthened."

"Milburn's Heart and Nerve Pills, etc. a box, or 3 for \$1.25, at all druggists. "Laxa-Liver Pills," says John Doherty, 35 North Street, St. John, N.B., "cured me of Constipation and distress after eating. Their action is natural and effective."

JUST A BAD COLD.



A sharp stinging pain in the back—you think it doesn't amount to anything—he all right in a few days—but it doesn't get all right—kidneys are not doing their duty, and the poisonous matter that they ought to remove is going all through the system—causing rheumatism, gout, dyspepsia, headaches, backaches—all sorts of ills.

DOAN'S KIDNEY PILLS

Cure the disease by removing the cause.

W. D. Popham, Talbot St., St. Thomas, Ont., says: "I have for a long time had serious back and kidney troubles. My back was so stiff and painful that when I sat down I had to have something to assist me to get up. I have taken four boxes of Doan's Kidney Pills, and they have taken the stiffness and pain from my back and enabled me to straighten up without pain or difficulty."

Price 50c. a box, a for \$2.50, all druggists. The Doan Kidney Pill Co., Toronto, Ont.

Everybody has something to do for somebody. Whether we will it or not, our lives are vicarious. No one gets as much joy out of life as he who purposely lives for the good of another.

"That woman has hated me for years." "Did you jilt her?" "No; she got up a company dinner for me and I forgot to go."

The gentility of some people amounts to a positive blemish in character.

Hard Luck.

"What prize did you win in the bicycle races?"

"An order for \$10 on a tailor."

"That's good. You can get a pair of trousers for that."

"Can I? It's on my tailor, and I have owed him that amount for over a year."

—Vim.

He Needn't Worry.

"How is your Don't Worry club getting along?"

"Fine—fine as silk. We elected Blanco an honorary member last evening."

—Indianapolis Journal.

Even Worse.

"Why, he abused me like—like—"

"Like a pickpocket?"

"Worse than that. More like a judge sentencing a pickpocket."—Cincinnati Enquirer.

TO CURE A COLD IN ONE DAY.

Take Laxative Bromo Quinine Tablets. All druggists refund the money if it fails to cure you.

To bear disappointment bravely is to disconcert the fates.

Baddeck, June 11, 1897.

C. C. Richards & Co.

Dear Sirs,—Minard's Liniment is my remedy for NEURALGIA.

It relieves at once.

A. S. McDONALD.

A shoemaker has a card in his window reading: "Any respectable man, woman, or child can have a 'fit' in this store."

Minard's Liniment Cures Burns etc.

The pleasantest things in the world are pleasant thoughts, and the greatest art in life is to have as many of them as possible.

Minard's Liniment Cures Dandruff.

Since the hero-kissing craze has started a young lady one morning has been caught kissing the grass, supposing it to be Dewey.

Minard's Liniment for sale everywhere.

Always kill a wounded bird or other animal as soon as you can. All suffering of any creature just before it dies poisons the meat.—Geo. T. Angell.

Minard's Liniment Relieves Neuralgia.

First Cat—Why so sad tonight, Thomas? Second Cat—I feel so lonely and neglected. I've been weeping and waiting for an hour and nobody has thrown anything at me."

Your Neighbor's Umbrella.

What ought to be done, ought to be done. He who borrows an umbrella ought to return it because it is borrowed. Umbrellas are for rainy days, and the borrower ought to be willing to carry an umbrella on a fair day in order to get it returned to its owner in time for him to use it on the next rainy day. So long as he is in debt and could pay the debt by dispensing with a little vanity or by a little exertion and yet does not discharge his debt he is not strictly honorable. The umbrella is not "only an umbrella," it is a point in morals. Many a man has started upward or downward in life from the day he struck an attitude toward his neighbor's umbrella.—Sunday School Times.

All teas are alike to the teapot. The first difference you will notice between Monsoon Tea and any other you have been using is the ripper flavor and the clearer, richer brown of the drawing in the cup. In the first sip of Monsoon Tea you will discover its matchless quality—and you will know "it's the best."



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MANUFACTURERS OF

BOVRIL In Tins and Bottles

JOHNSTON'S FLUID BEEF,

Dissipated and Dried Potatoes and other Vegetables.

SOUP NODULES

And other preparations of condensed food specially suited for prospectors, surveyors and explorers, and for

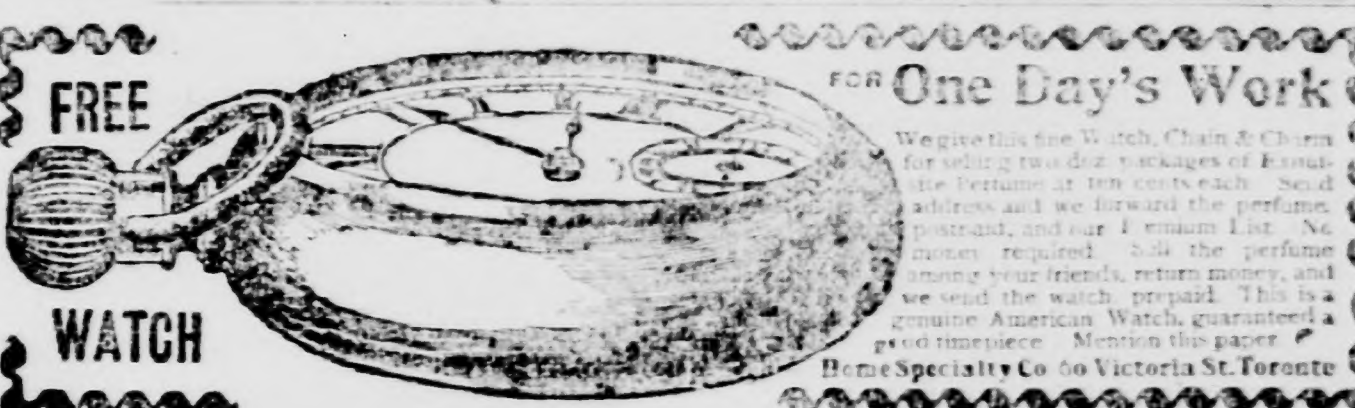
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London, ENGLAND, and 27 St. Peter St., MONTREAL.

BABY'S OWN SOAP

I Must have the genuine, The imitations look very nice, but they hurt my delicate SKIN.

THE ALBERT TOILET SOAP COY.



25 per Cent. off Duty on British Goods

We get it but we don't keep it. Our customers profit. They also reap the benefit of big cuts from manufacturers. See samples and be convinced.

MYRON M'BRIDE & CO.

WHOLESALE MEN'S FURNISHERS

WINNIPEG.

W. N. F. 192

"I drink no more than a sponge."—Rabelais.

"Tis no wonder, if he didn't have

..HEALTH COFFEY..

the most healthful, invigorating drink of the times.

WHITE STAR BAKING POWDER

Too well known to need description.

TRY IT...

THE DYSON-GIBSON CO.

Sun Insurance Office, Eastern Assurance Co., Quebec Fire Insurance Company, London and Lancashire Life Ins. Co., British and Foreign Marine Ins. Co., Lloyd's Glass Insurance Company, W. H. ALLAN, General Agent, Winnipeg.

HAVE YOUR FALL STOCK WELL ASSORTED WITH

BOECKH'S BRUSHES BROOMS AND WOODENWARE. Manufactured by BOECKH BROS. & CO. Toronto, Ont.

ATTENTION

Difference between Paper and Wool Roffing: Paper dries and becomes brittle. The Wool is elastic and tough. Has never been known to crack; 8 years has established its reliability—wind and water proof.

Write for samples to W. G. FONSECA, 705 Main St., Winnipeg.

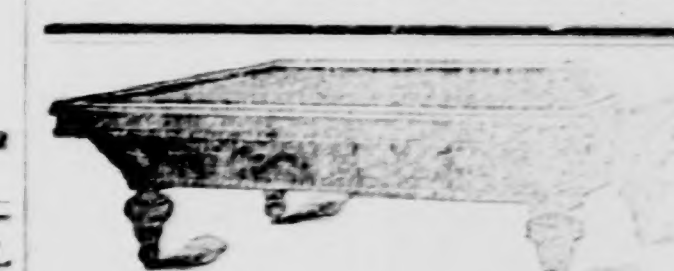


We give this fine watch, chain and charm, for sending in 100 Buttons, at ten cents each. Send your address and we forward the Buttons, postpaid, and our Premium List. No money is required. Sell the Buttons among your friends, return the money, and we send the watch, prepared. A genuine American watch, guaranteed for a lifetime's work. Mention this paper when writing. LEVER BUTTON CO., 20 Adelaide St. E., Toronto, Ont.

When Getting a New COOK STOVE

Buy a "GRAND JEWEL," and you will be delighted with the results.

IF NOT SATISFIED, MONEY REFUNDED.



BILLIARD AND POOL TABLES

NEW AND SECOND-HAND.

AND SUPPLIES. Large catalogue.

THE REID BROS., 27 King West, Toronto.

Moccasins !

Moccasins !

Moccasins !

MEN'S FIRST QUALITY AT \$1.15

Now We Have Them

Have What ?

Why, those TEA POTS that were
all the rage last year! We
have them from 15c up.

Men's Suits

... From \$4.00 up.

White Wool Blankets

From \$2.50.

We have the

Alfred Dolge

Felt Boot in stock.

Ladies' and Gents'.

Our Gents' Furnishing Department
is a stunner.

Our Stock of Groceries is large and well
assorted, at rock bottom prices.
Our Tea still leads at
3lbs. for the \$.

Yours for Economy.

C. T. BAILEY

& CO.

LOCAL NEWS

Wheat 53 cents per bushel.
J. R. Brown went to Regina on Tuesday
on business.

T. A. Balfour, of Wolsley, was in town
Sunday.

G. Gibson has procured a speedy travel-
ler.

The council met last Monday. Minutes
next week.

Mr. Wm. Graham, Indian agent, of File
Hills, was in town yesterday.

The Christian Endeavor Society are talk-
ing of holding a social on Friday evening.

Mr. G. Gibson, of Indian Head, paid Qu-
Appelle a visit this week.

Mr. Geo. Stokes, travelling agent of the
Northern Elevator Co., was in town Tues-
day.

A large shipment of cattle was made from
here last Friday by Messrs. McDonald and
Heubach. This may be the last shipment
this year.

The inquest on the body of Martin Yozba
was held on Thursday evening of last week
and resulted in the verdict of "Killed by
accident while under the influence of liquor."

Winter set in last Sunday so earnestly
that there are few doubts but that it is here
for good. Sleighs are all the fashion. It is
an early winter, but nearly everybody seems
satisfied.

Mr. Kaspar had the misfortune last
Saturday evening to put his arm out of joint
by the stumbling of the horse he was riding.
He is getting better.

Next Sabbath the Sacrament of the Lord's
Supper will be dispensed in the Methodist
church, and on the Monday following the
regular quarterly business meeting will be
held.

Rev. S. W. Thomson left for Winnipeg
on Monday evening last to attend the Synod
of Manitoba and the Territories. He will
return next Tuesday. His place will be
taken next Sunday by Rev. Mr. McLeod, of
Sintaluta.

A graphophone concert and supper, fol-
lowed by a dance, will be held in the Sunny
South schoolhouse, Friday, Nov. 11th, at
8 o'clock. Ladies contribute to the supper.
Admission, 25c. Proceeds in aid of a school
library.

We regret to have to announce the death
of Mrs. Ernest Paine on Friday last. She
has been very poorly for a long time, but
still her death was a shock to many. The
funeral took place to the Qu'Appelle ceme-
tery on Sunday afternoon. Mr. Paine has
the sympathy of the community in his
affliction.

In another column will be found the In-
spector's report of Qu'Appelle school. The
staff of teachers is highly spoken of
throughout. The parents should be well
satisfied with the trustees that have opened
such an excellent staff and they should also
feel indebted to the teachers for their efforts
and interest in their behalf.

A varied and unique form of entertain-
ment will be given on Wednesday, Nov.
23rd, under the auspices of S. Peter's
Women's Guild, in the town hall, beginning
with a concert, to be followed by the well
known farce, "Box and Cox," directly after
which an oyster supper will be served up-
stairs, at the small charge of 10c per plate.
The evening will wind up with a dance.

Mr. Geo. Ross, of McLean, was seriously
hurt one day last week by an angry bull.
He was leaning it to water using a pole at-
tached to a ring in the animal's nose. All
at once the bull attacked him, breaking the
pole and striking Mr. Ross with its horns,
breaking one of his ribs and knocking him
down. On the second charge it caught his
hat on its horns, and thinking it had him
all, gave him time to escape over the fence
which very fortunately was close by. Mr.
Ross has been compelled to stay in bed, but
is now able to get up again. We are glad
we have nothing more serious to report.

LOCAL NEWS INTENDED FOR LAST WEEK.

Miss Schofield gave a pleasant birthday
party to a number of her young friends on
Tuesday evening last.

Mr. McDonald, who has been teaching in
the Tache school during the summer is now
in town, his school having closed.

The idea of holding a concert in Decem-
ber in aid of a public library has been aban-
doned by the school staff, owing to unfor-

seen difficulties and the possibility of too
much interference with the children's
studies.

Mr. J. S. Macdonald lost his dog some
time ago while hunting, but a few days ago
it was brought by a C. P. R. conductor from
Sintaluta.

We are glad to be able to announce that
Qu'Appelle has at length secured two good
Chinamen to open a laundry. Make it per-
manent by patronizing it.

The employees at the felt factory are
agitating for a half holiday on Saturday by
making up the time in longer hours the
rest of the week.

There is talk of organizing a quadrilla
club, a literary society and a male quartette
in town. Different parties are talking up
the different schemes.

Mr. Geo. Ross, of McLean, had three
valuable cows killed by the train on the
24th of October. We hope Mr. Ross will
have the loss made good.

Wheat continues to come in slowly at
most points along the line. It shows that
the farmers are in a position to hold their
grain.

A PLEASED CUSTOMER.



How's Your Clothes Line ?

Our line is most extensive.
If you need anything, then
we want to get together. We
can please you with material,
fit and prices, and would like
nothing better than to try.
You can please us with an
order.

All the finest...

WOOL VESTS
COSTUME CLOTHES
In dress long h's
BLOUSES, WRAPPERS
UNDERVESTS, Etc.

For full wear, we have at prices to suit.
Yours most anxious to please.

J. P. BEAUCHAMP

FARM LANDS FOR SALE.

The North-West Lands of the
Estate of the late W. R. THISTLE,
comprising

4,000 ACRES

Of Valuable Improved

FARM PROPERTY

ARE NOW OFFERED
FOR SALE ON

Most Reasonable Terms

For full particulars apply to

A. D. DICKSON,
BARRISTER,
QU'APPELLE

FARMS FOR SALE

IN THE

Edgeley District

NEAR QU'APPELLE
STATION

GOOD SOIL and

WELL WATERED.

Payments extended over ten years, if
required. Parties can be taken over
the lands at any time by giving notice
beforehand, and all particulars will be
supplied by

W. C. CAMERON,

Edgeley Farm.

Edgeley P. O.

Always on Hand

Fresh fruits according to season. General
line of Groceries, Evaporated and dried
apples. All kinds of candies. Scribbling
books, pencils, slates, etc., at

Mrs. E. Ambler's.

Ocean Steamships.

ROYAL MAIL LINES.

Cheapest and quickest route to the Old
Country.

From New York

| | | |
|-----------|------------------|---------|
| St. Louis | American Line | Nov. 16 |
| St. Paul | American Line | Nov. 23 |
| Etruria | Canard Line | Nov. 5 |
| Campania | Canard Line | Nov. 12 |
| Majestic | White Star Line | Nov. 9 |
| Germania | White Star Line | Nov. 19 |
| Nordland | Red Star Line | Nov. 9 |
| Friesland | Red Star Line | Nov. 16 |
| Mongolian | Allan State Line | Nov. 11 |

From Montreal

| | | |
|---------------|---------------|---------|
| Parisian | Allan Line | Nov. 12 |
| Californian | Allan Line | Nov. 19 |
| Lake Huron | Beaver Line | Nov. 9 |
| Lake Superior | Beaver Line | Nov. 16 |
| Labrador | Dominion Line | Nov. 12 |
| Scotsman | Dominion Line | Nov. 19 |

Cabin, \$50, \$60, \$70, \$80, upwards.
Intermediate \$30 to \$35. Steerage \$24.50
and upwards.

Passengers ticketed through to all point
in Great Britain and Ireland, and at specially
low rates to all parts of the European Con-
tinent. Prepaid passages arranged from all
points. Apply to the Station Agent, Qu-
Appelle.

Or to WILLIAM STITT,
General Agent, Winnipeg

.. Fruit and Confectionery ..

APPLES APPLES

By the bushel or by the barrel,
for keeping, cooking or eating.

A full stock of Flour and Feed
always on hand

Confectionery and fruits of all kinds, the
freshest and the best.

Biscuits. Fresh Cider and Lemonade.

A. M'KENZIE

Main Street; Qu'Appelle Station.

NOTICE

S. Peter's Women's Guild is now pre-
pared to receive orders,—knitting, mending
and other needle-work. For particulars ap-
ply to Miss Sarah Boyce, Sec.-Treas.; Mrs.
Barnett Harvey, Pres.; Mrs. Musgrove, Vice
Pres.; or any other member of the Guild.

LOST

Strayed from 22, 18, 14, one mile from
Qu'Appelle Station, 1 Roan calf. When
last seen, it had a rope around its neck.
J. R. Brown.

TAILORING

Latest Fashions. Perfect Fits.
Prices Cheap. Good Workmanship.
A choice collection of samples to
select from.

English and Canadian Tweeds, Serges,
Fanning, Worsted, and Overcoating.
Everybody likes to be dressed
well. Leave your order and get a
good fit.

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